

Treatment by DFT-D2 of great molecular systems

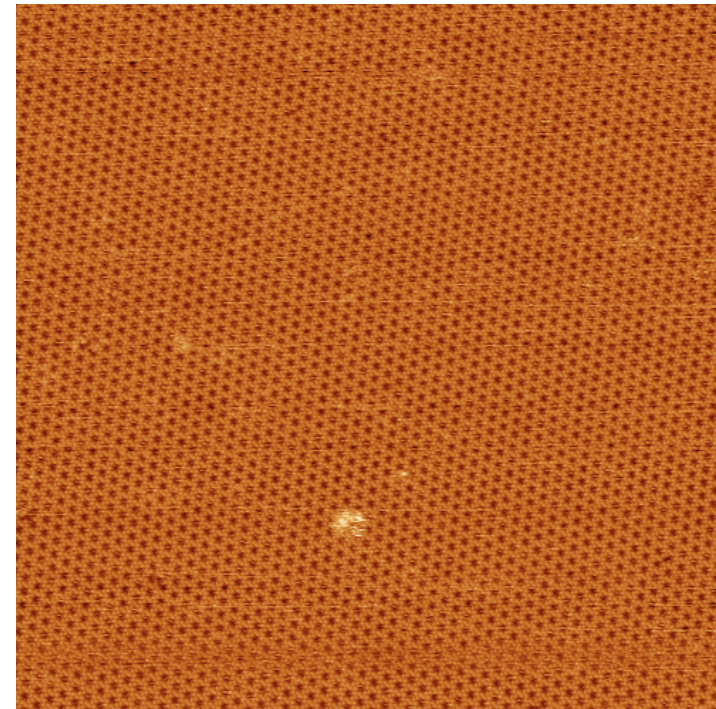
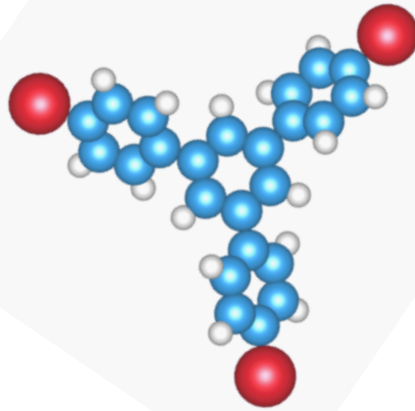
Eric Duverger

Equipe Minano FEMTO-ST / Dpt MN2S-UFC

Great HPC challenge
First results Nanospider

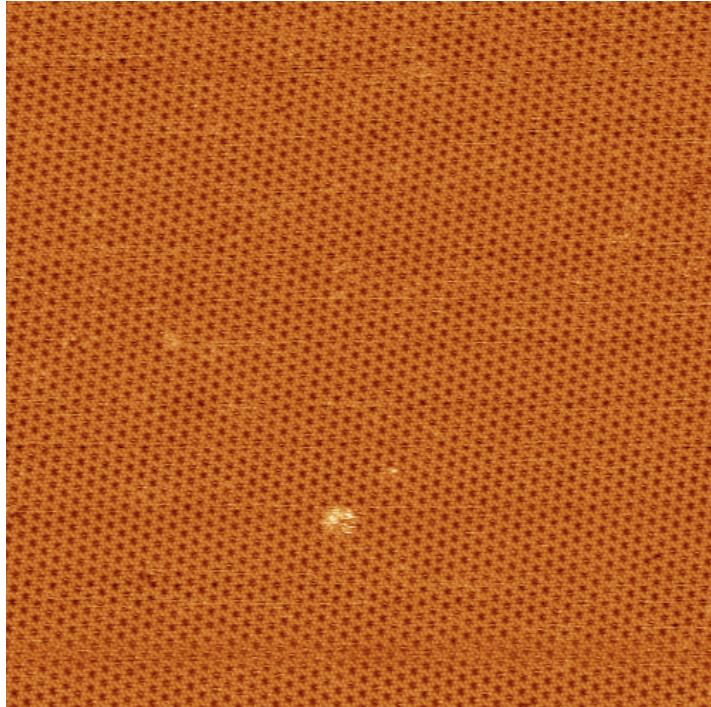
Size of systems currently observe today ?

FEMTO-ST
ANR MISS

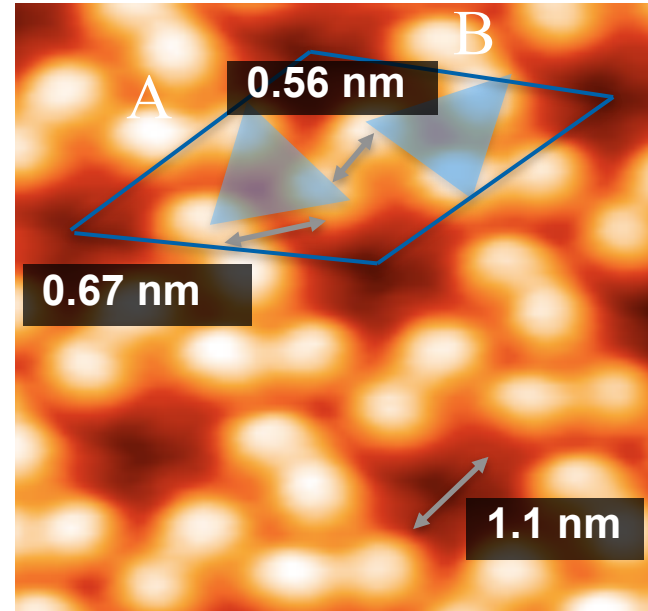


120x120 nm², V_s = 2.5 V, I_t = 0.034 nA, RT

- Nanoporous network
- Large Islands (> 800x800 nm²), stable until 400 K

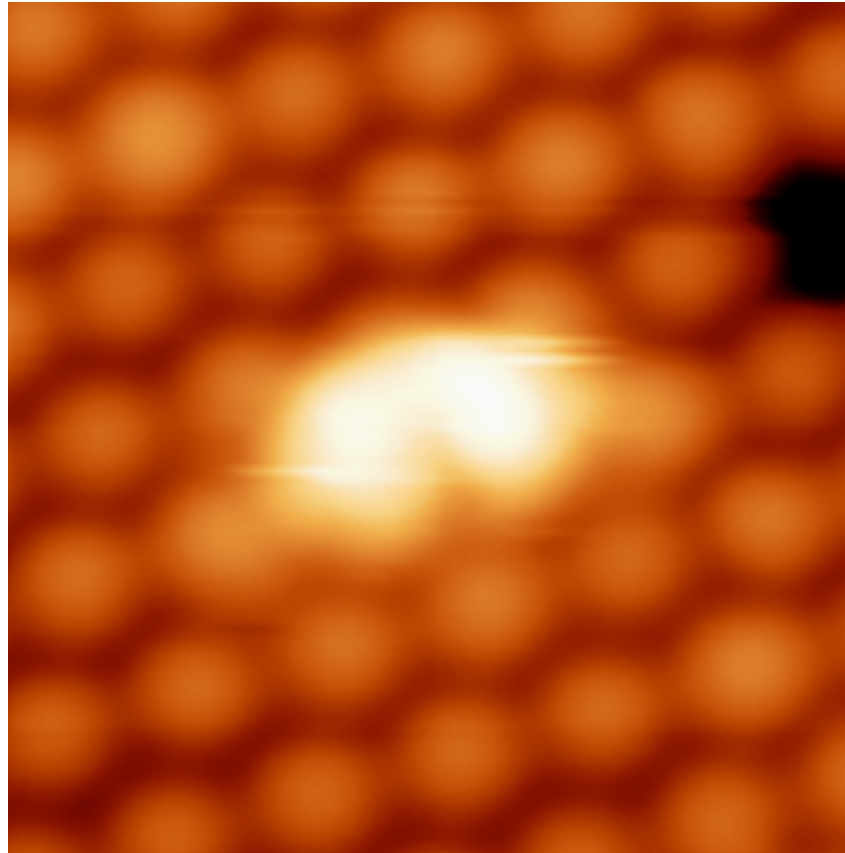


120x120 nm², V_s = 2.5 V, I_t = 0.034 nA, RT



- Lattice commensurate with SiB
- Primitive cell: six protrusions

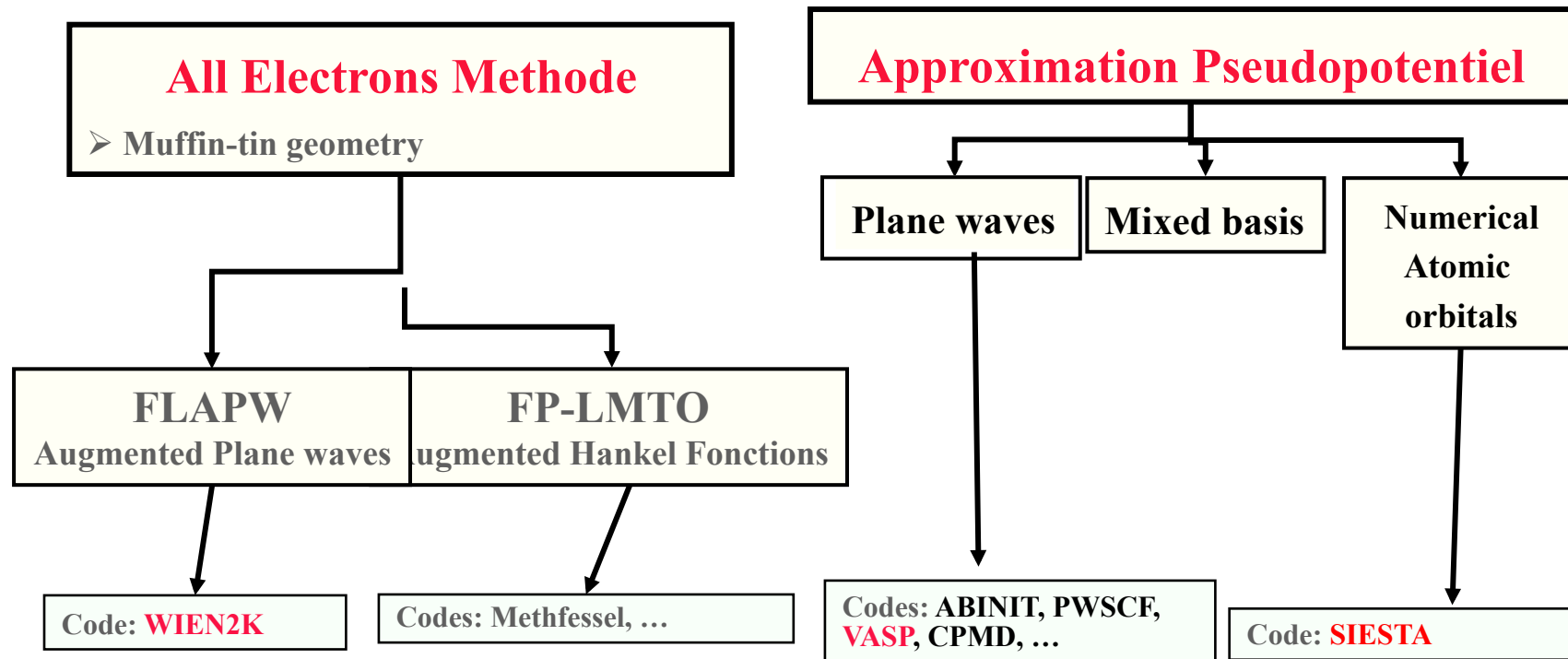
What we observe experimentally ?



ISMO Orsay
ANR MOLSIC

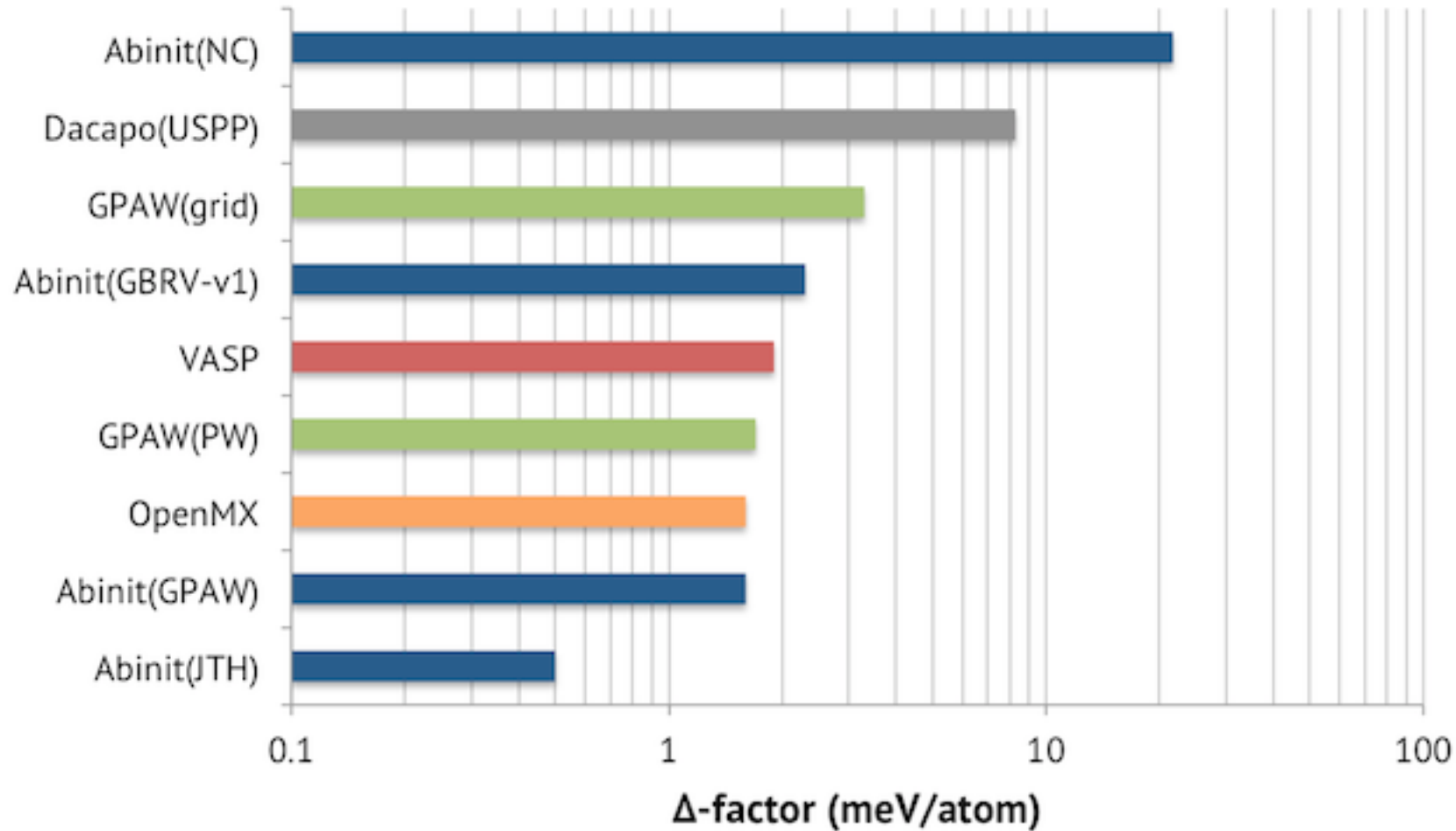
What we observe experimentally?

What DFT-code to solve Kohn-Sham equation ?



Accuracy ?

Equation of state error relative to Wien2k

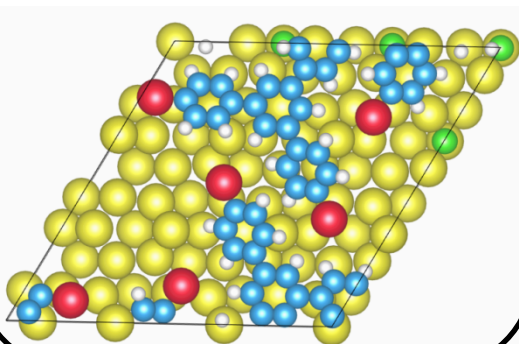


VASP



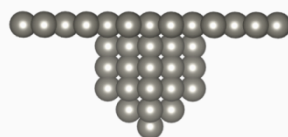
- DFT-D : GGA + correction of Grimme (*Grimme, J. Comp. Chem. 27, 1787 (2006)*)

Top view



BSKAN

STM tip

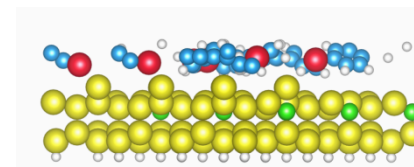


DFT vasp



Bias voltage

Surface

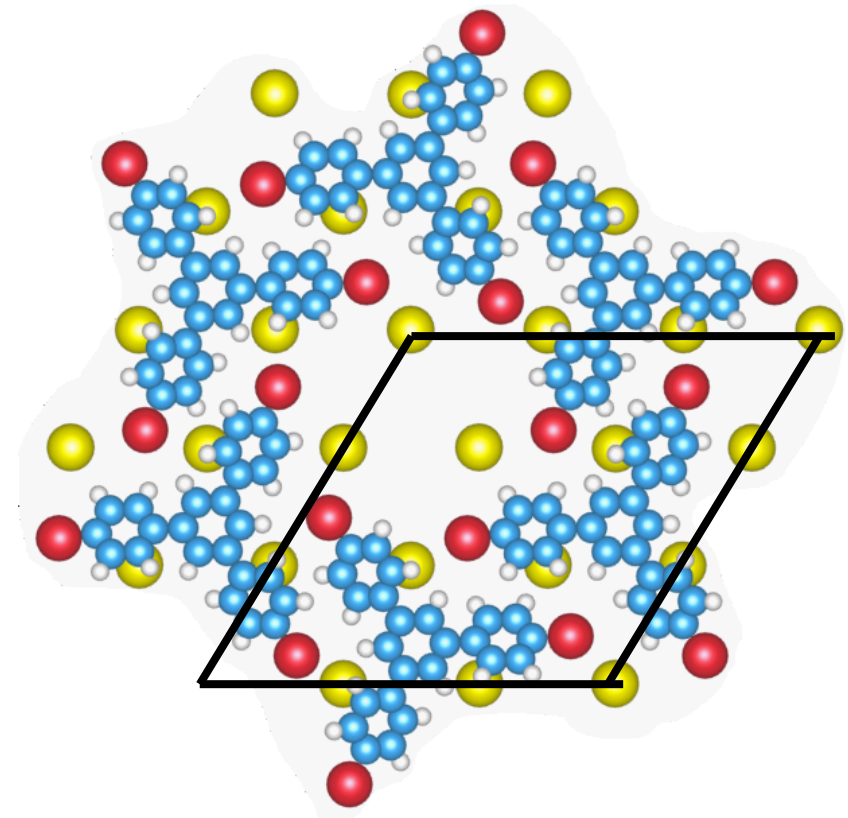
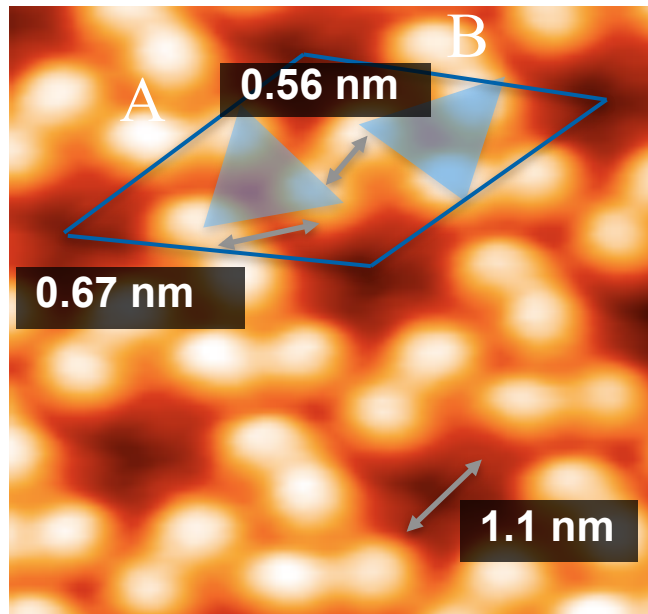


DFT vasp



Current tunnelling is calculated

Materials Modelling, DL, March 20,2007

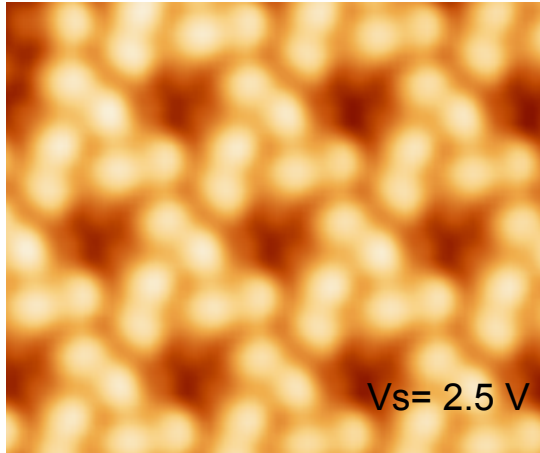


540 Atoms

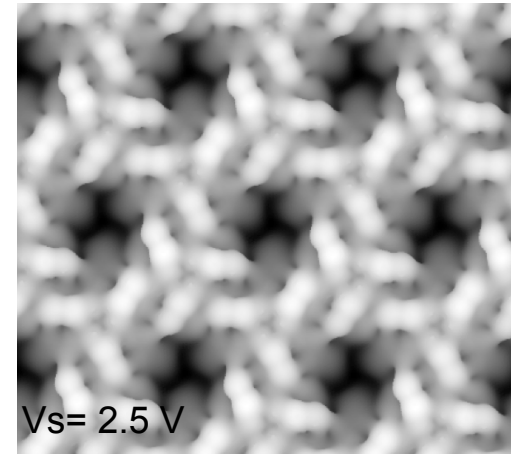
64 nodes / 4Go/nodes

20x20x70 Ang

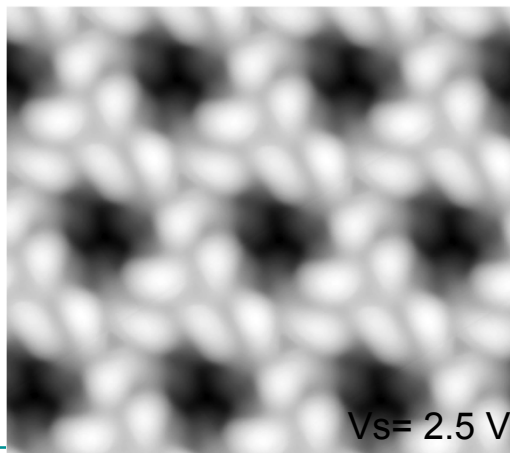
STM Image



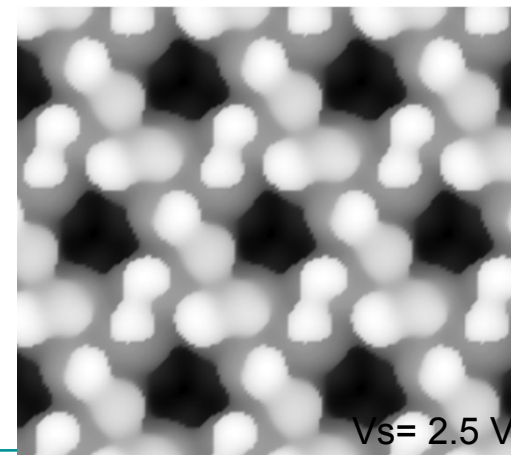
LDOS Image without smoothing

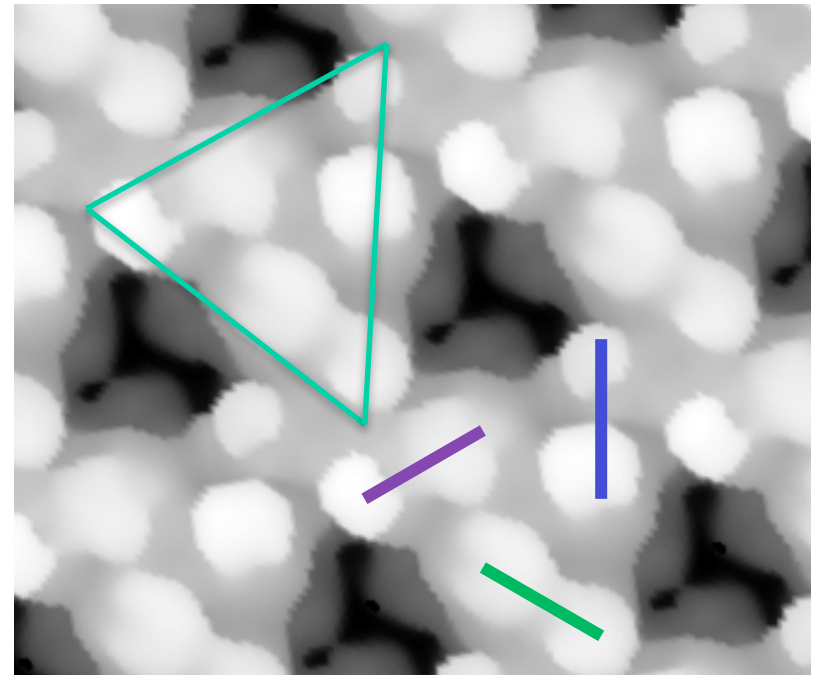
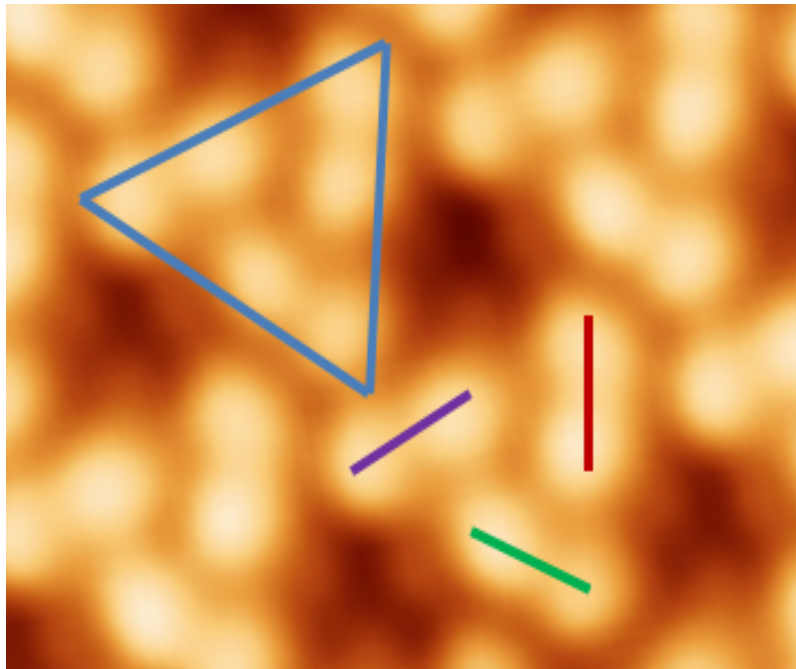


LDOS Image with smoothing

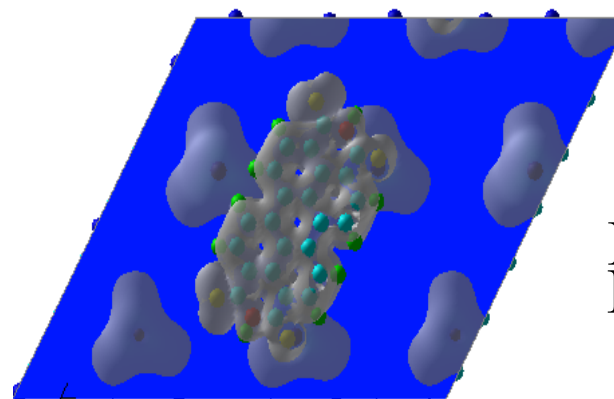
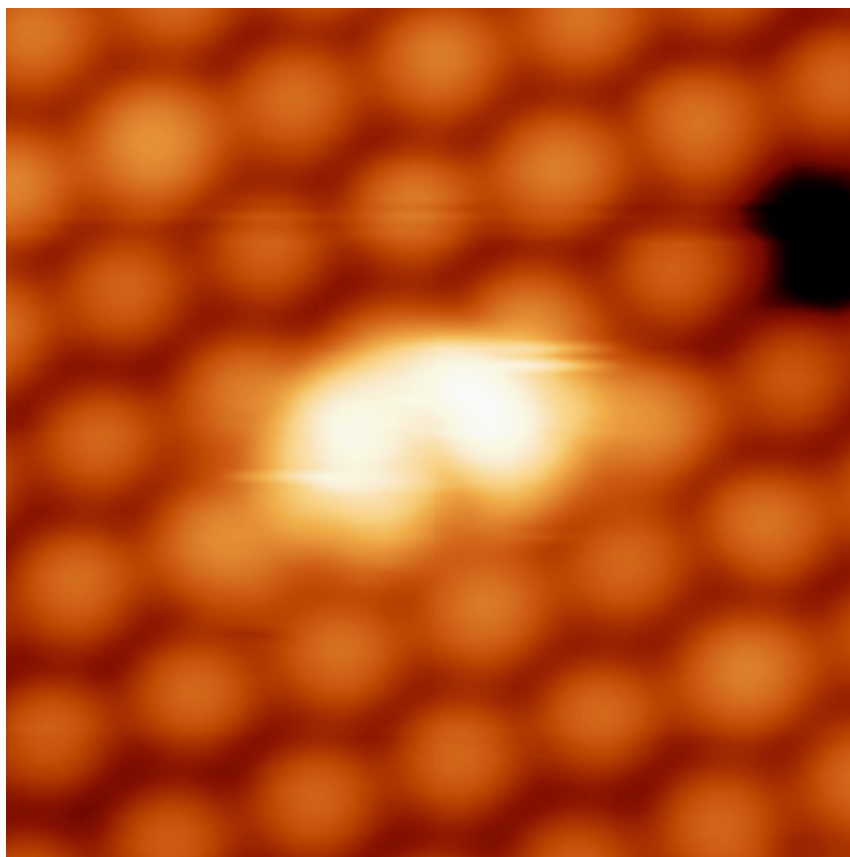


STM image simulated with bSKAN

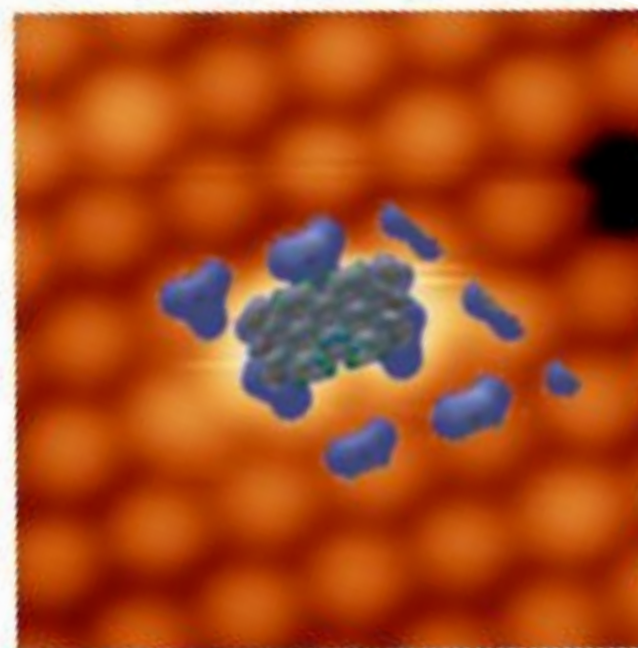




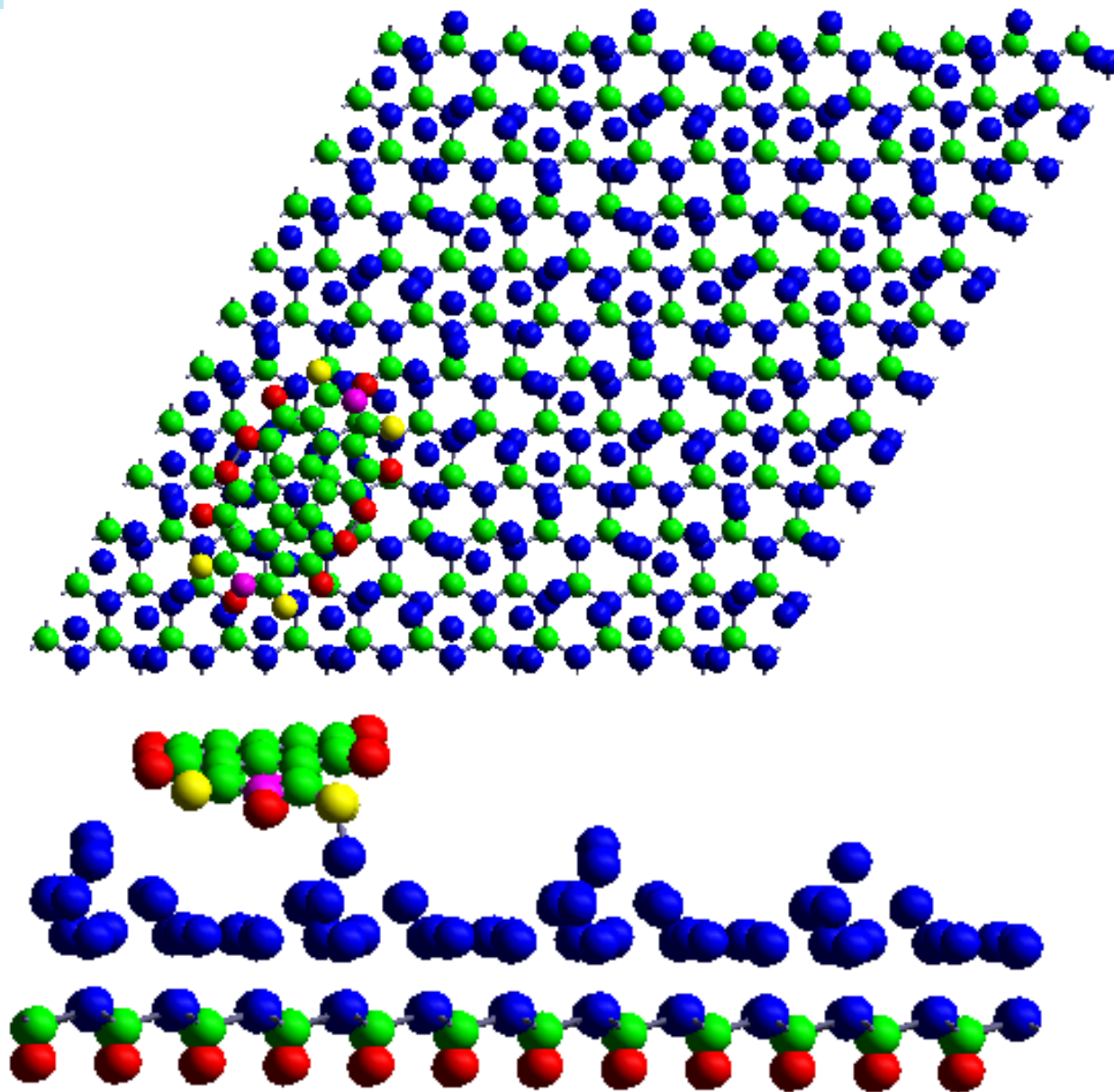
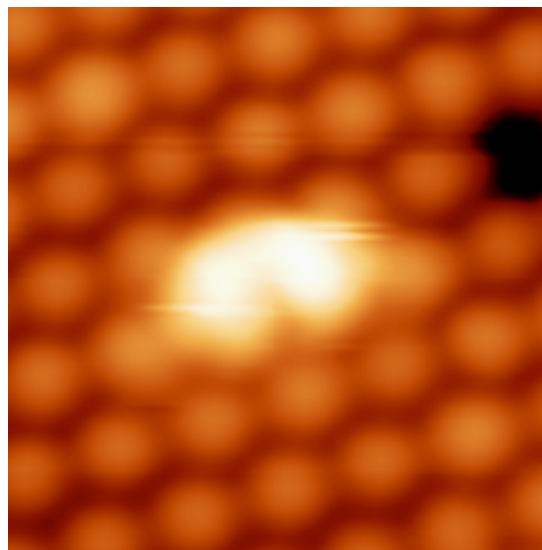
ISMO Orsay



IS2M
Mulhouse

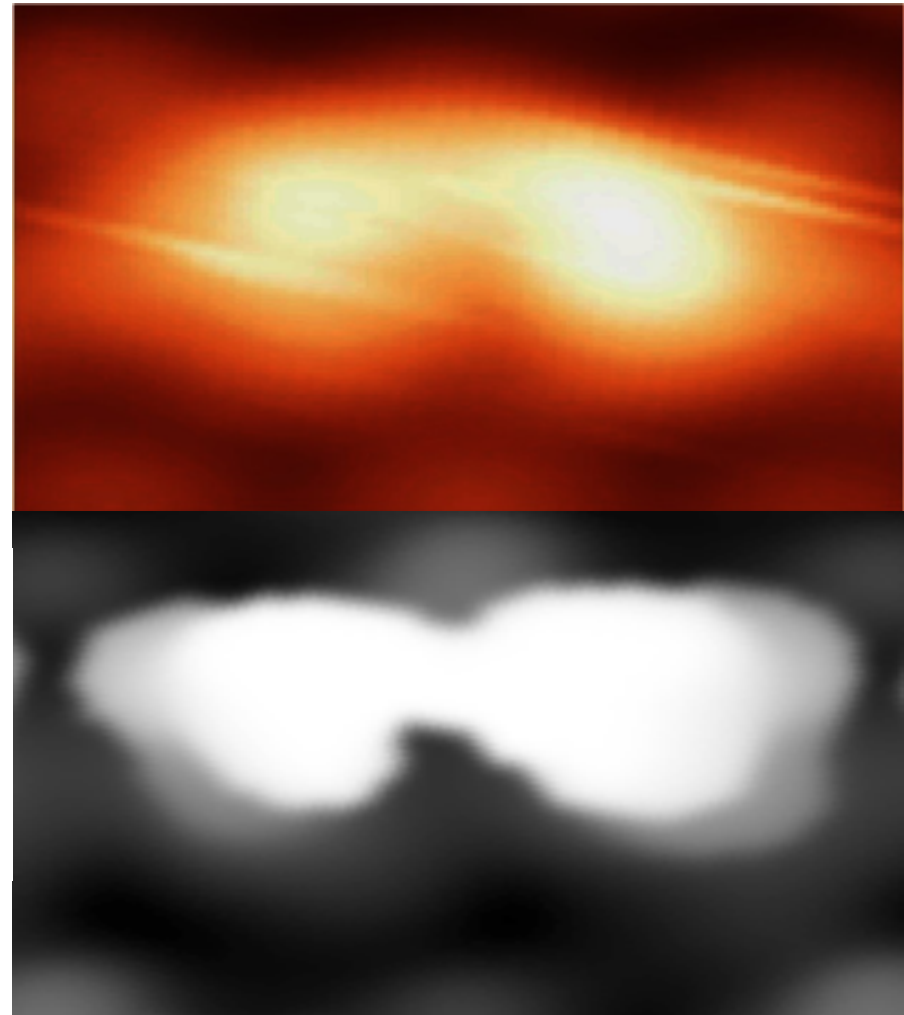
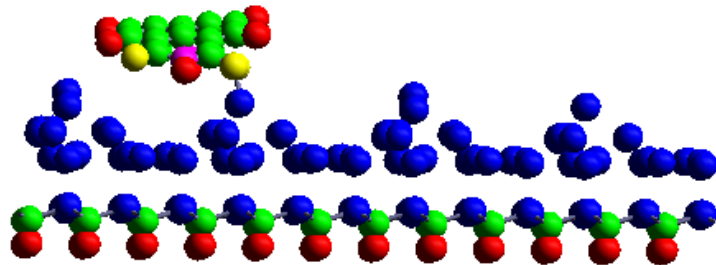
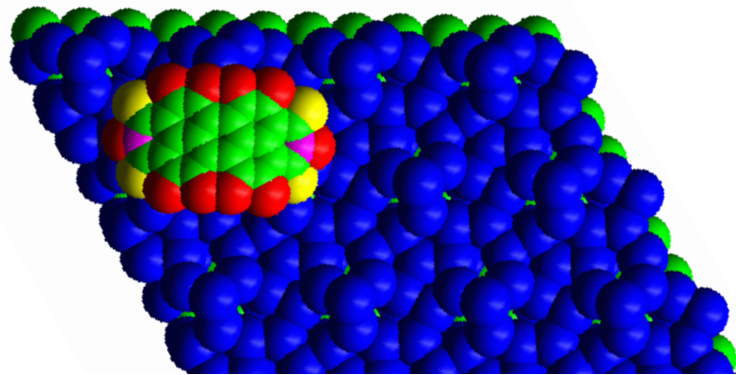


ISMO Orsay



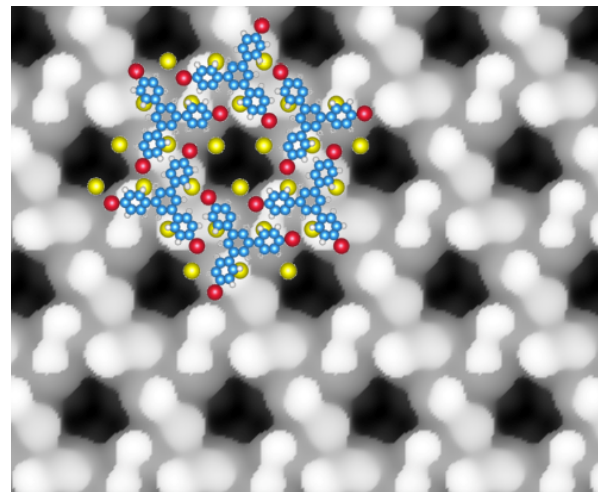
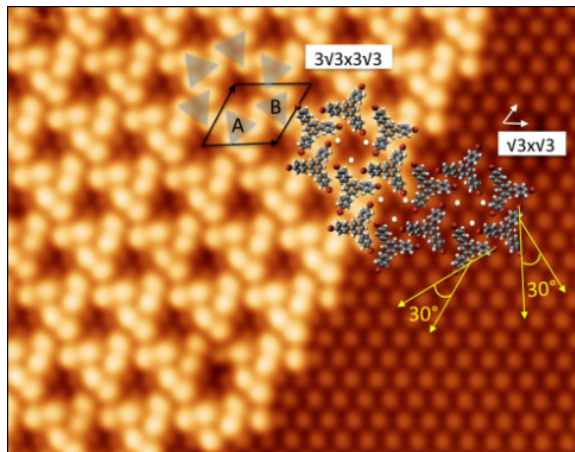
680 Atoms
80 cores /3 Go
38x38x50 Ang

Results Obtained by Bskan



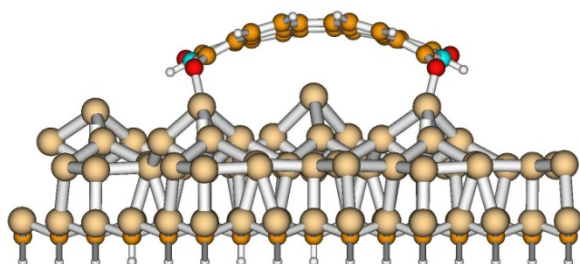
TBB network

540 Atoms

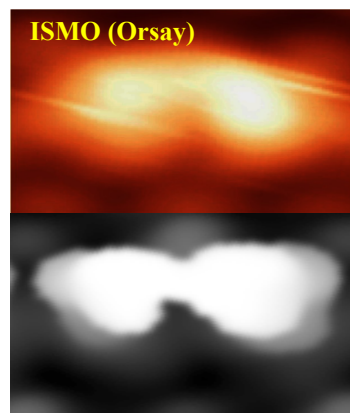


PTCDI on SiC(0001)3x3

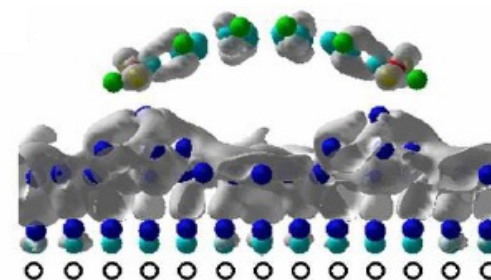
Structural properties



Comparison
Experimental STM
image
And
simulated



Electronic properties



HOMO

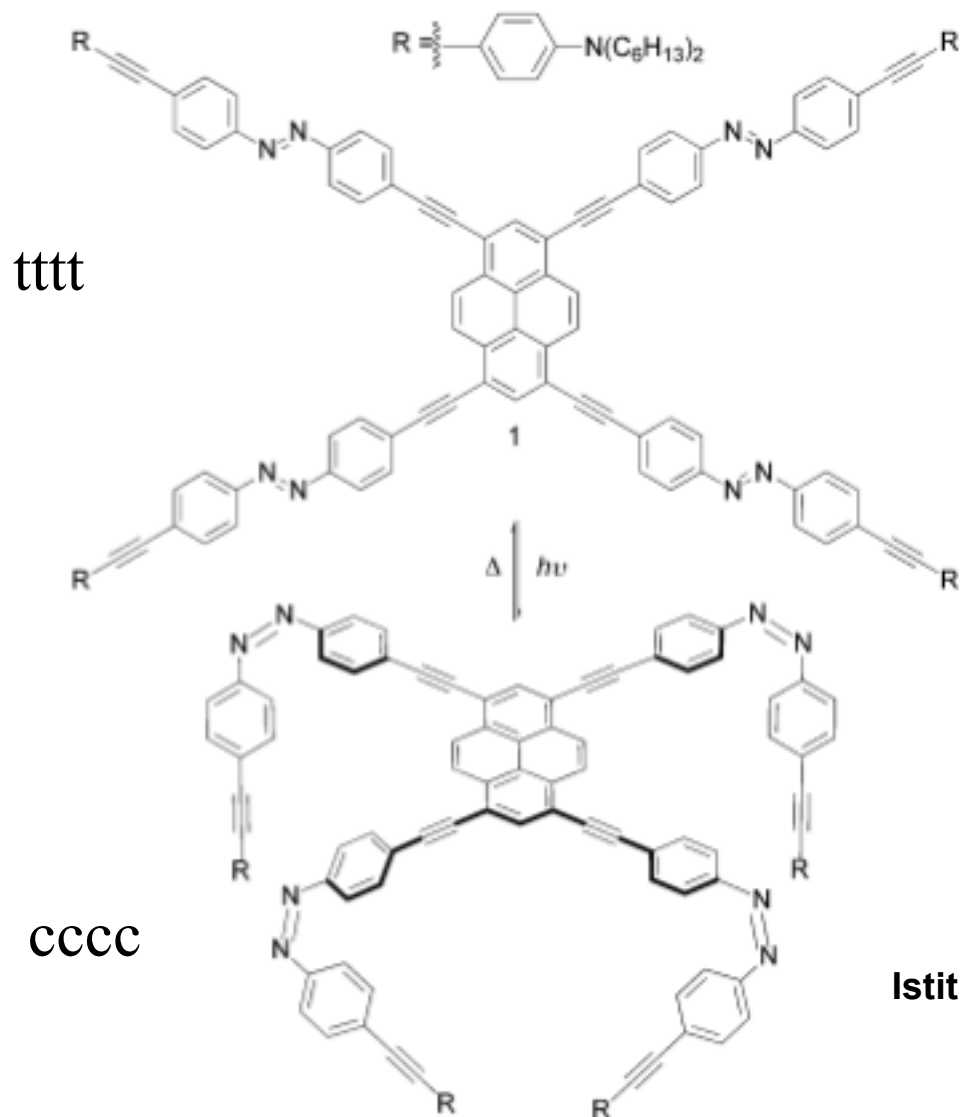
S₂

680 Atoms

Application : Molecule isolated on surface

Molecule Arachnoïd : nanospider

- **Objective:**
 - Understand experimental observations
- **Solution**
 - Full DFT-D2 simulation with the surface
 - Simulate STM images

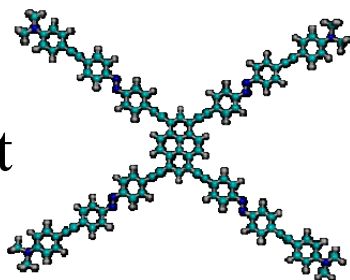


J. Zeitouny, A. Llanes-Pallas, D. Bonifazi
(Universita di Trieste)

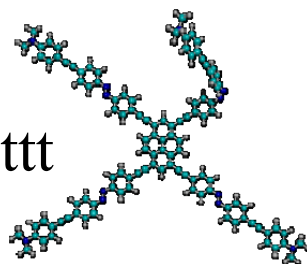
A. Belbakra, A. Barbieri, N. Armaroli
Istituto per la Sintesi Organica e la Fotoreattività
del CNR, Bologne

Chem. Commun., 2011, 47, 451–453

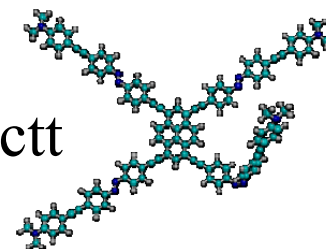
t t t t



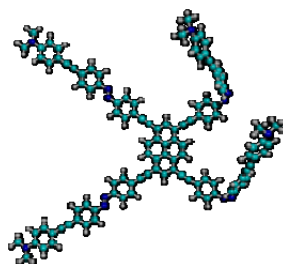
c t t t



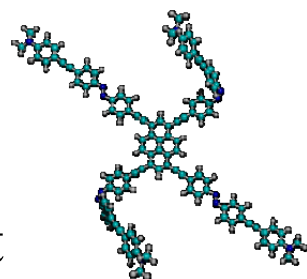
t c t t



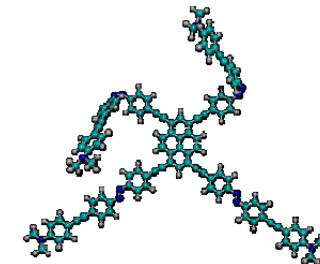
c c t t



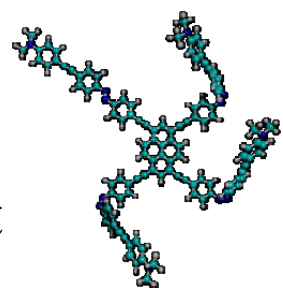
c t c t



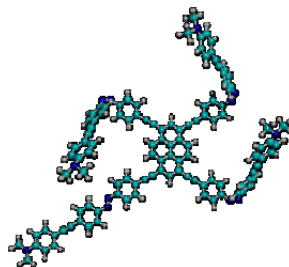
c t c c



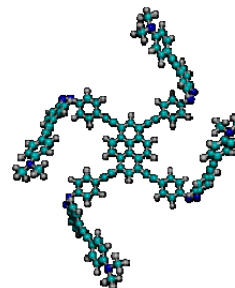
c c c t

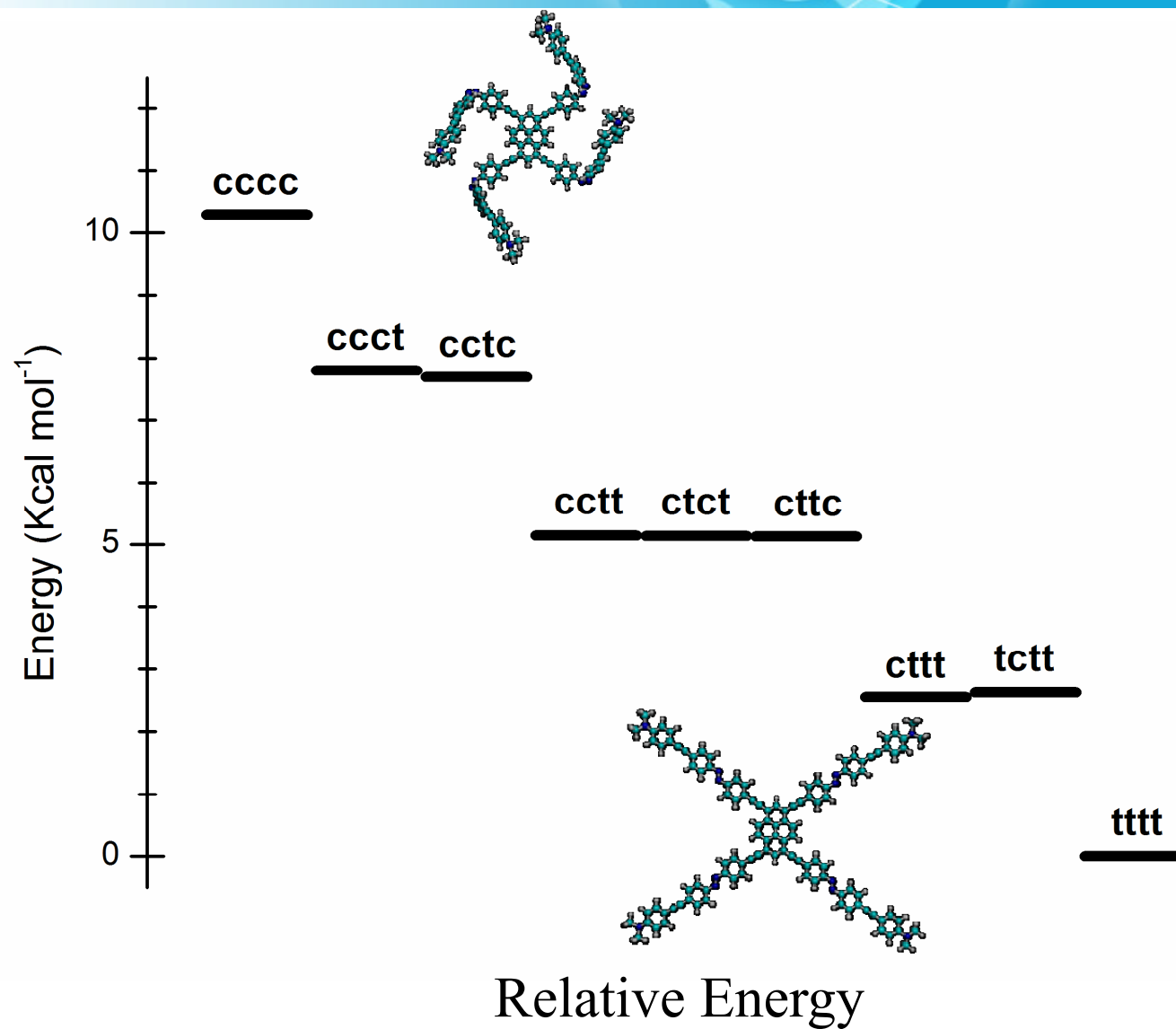


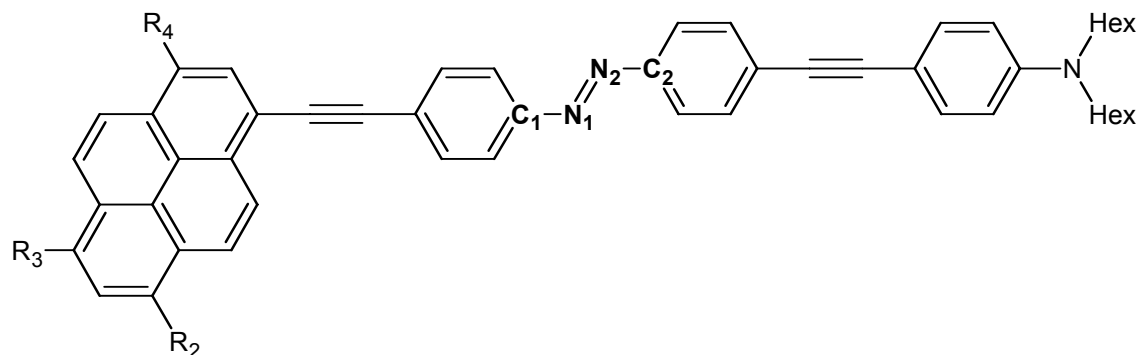
c c t c



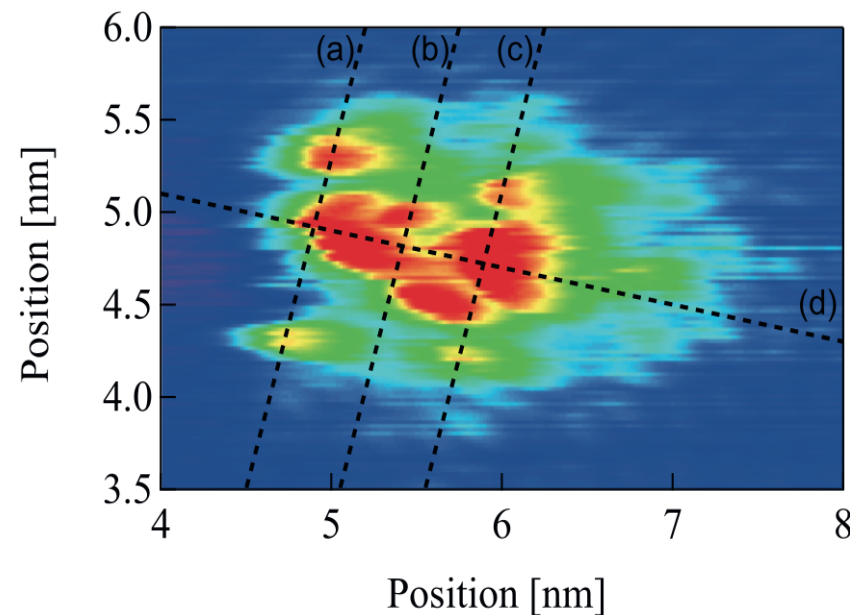
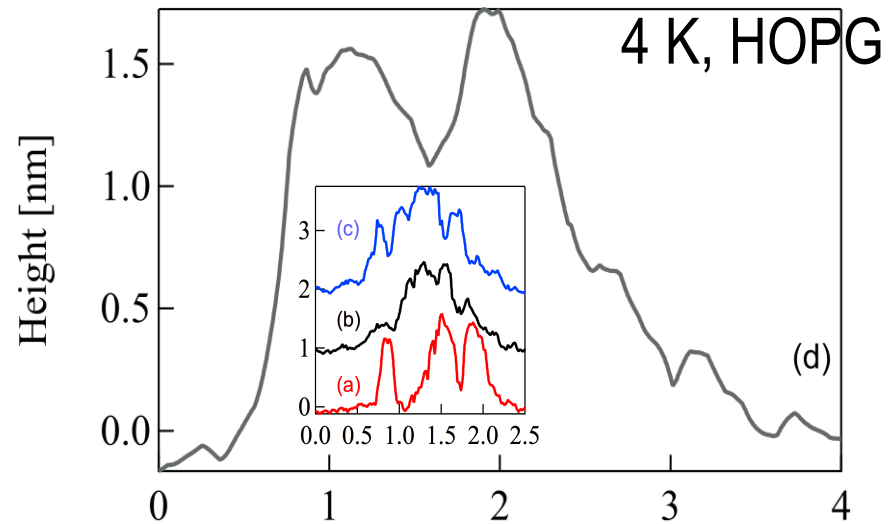
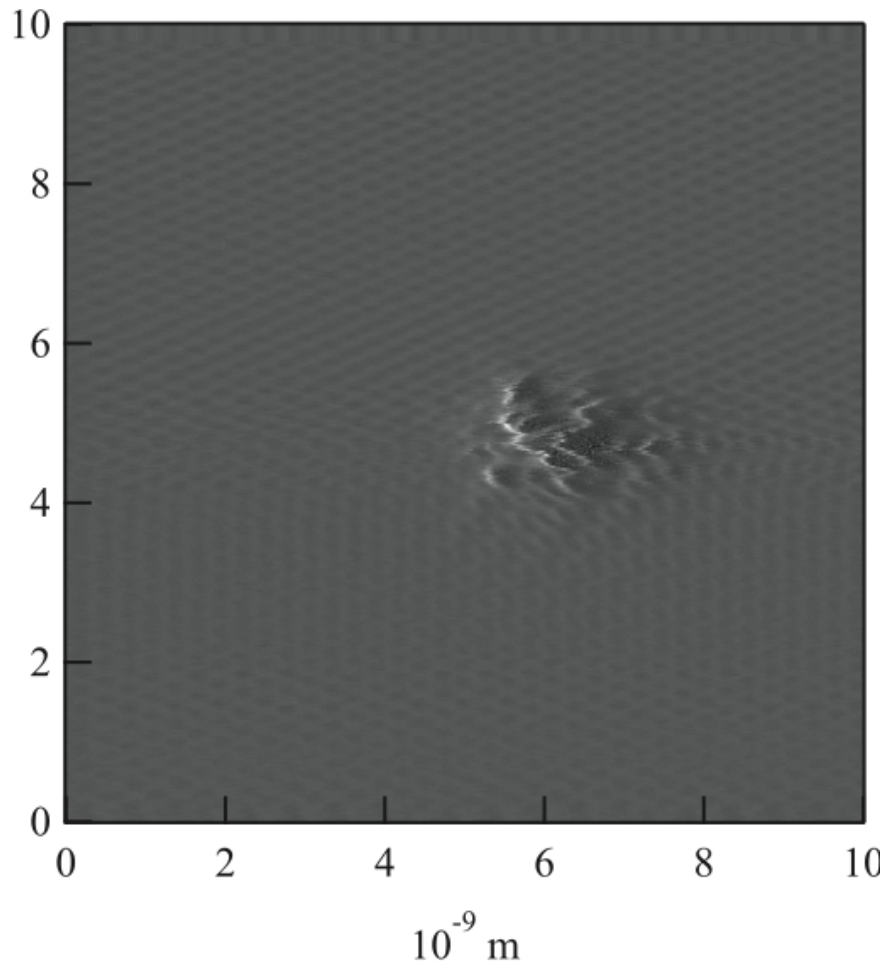
c c c c



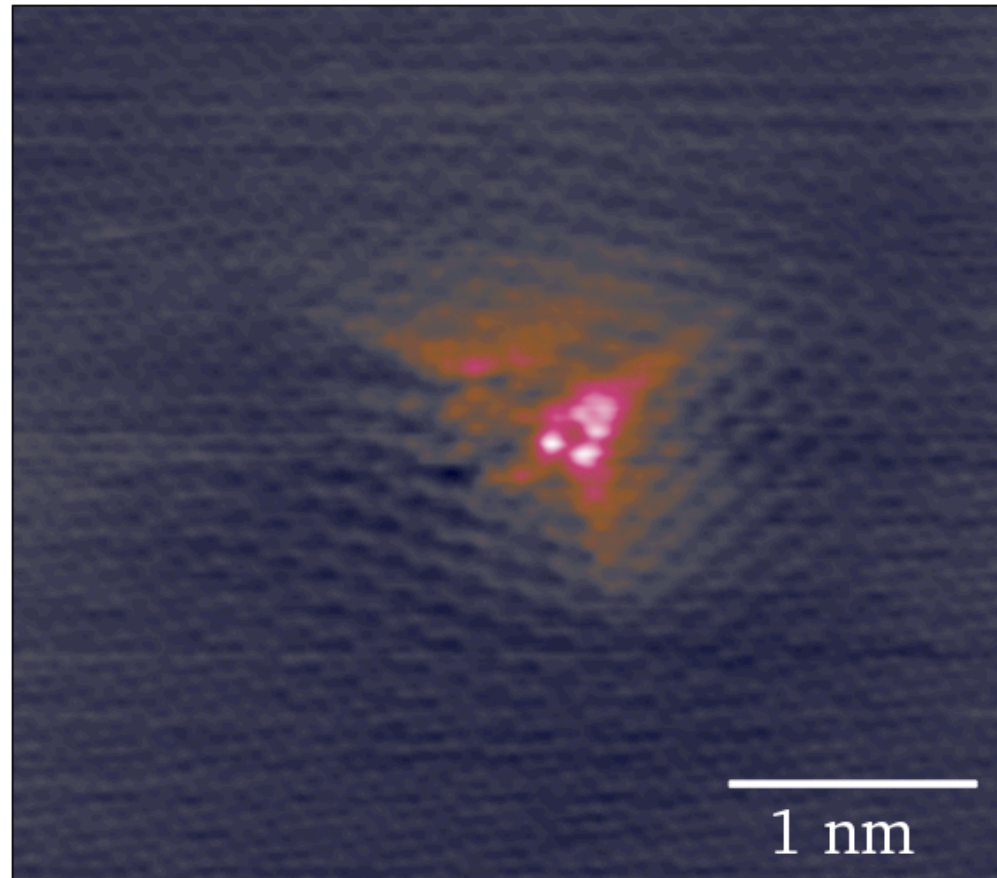




| Isomer | Bond length (Å) | | | Bond angle (°) | | Dihedral angle (°) |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | C_1-N_1 | $N_1=N_2$ | N_2-C_2 | $C_1-N_1=N_2$ | $N_1=N_2-C_2$ | $C_1-N_1=N_2-C_2$ |
| <i>tttt</i> | 1.4469 | 1.2321 | 1.4461 | 119.97 | 120.03 | 179.94 |
| <i>cttt</i> | 1.4522 | 1.2166 | 1.4522 | 126.92 | 126.83 | 0.15 |
| <i>tctt</i> | 1.4465 | 1.2318 | 1.4457 | 119.87 | 119.83 | 179.48 |
| <i>ccct</i> | 1.4520 | 1.2168 | 1.4517 | 127.16 | 127.09 | 0.23 |
| <i>ctct</i> | 1.4523 | 1.2170 | 1.4521 | 126.93 | 126.80 | 0.14 |
| <i>cttc</i> | 1.4524 | 1.2167 | 1.4524 | 126.87 | 126.90 | 0.01 |
| <i>ccct</i> | 1.4526 | 1.2168 | 1.4522 | 127.05 | 126.96 | 0.10 |
| <i>cctc</i> | 1.4522 | 1.2164 | 1.4518 | 127.08 | 126.85 | 0.18 |
| <i>cccc</i> | 1.4523 | 1.2167 | 1.4520 | 127.04 | 127.02 | 0.39 |



STM image onto HOPG at 77K



What we observe ?

We can simulate so great system ?

HPC « Grands Challenges »

Cluster HPC :

Mésocentre Université de Franche Comté

(300 cpu)



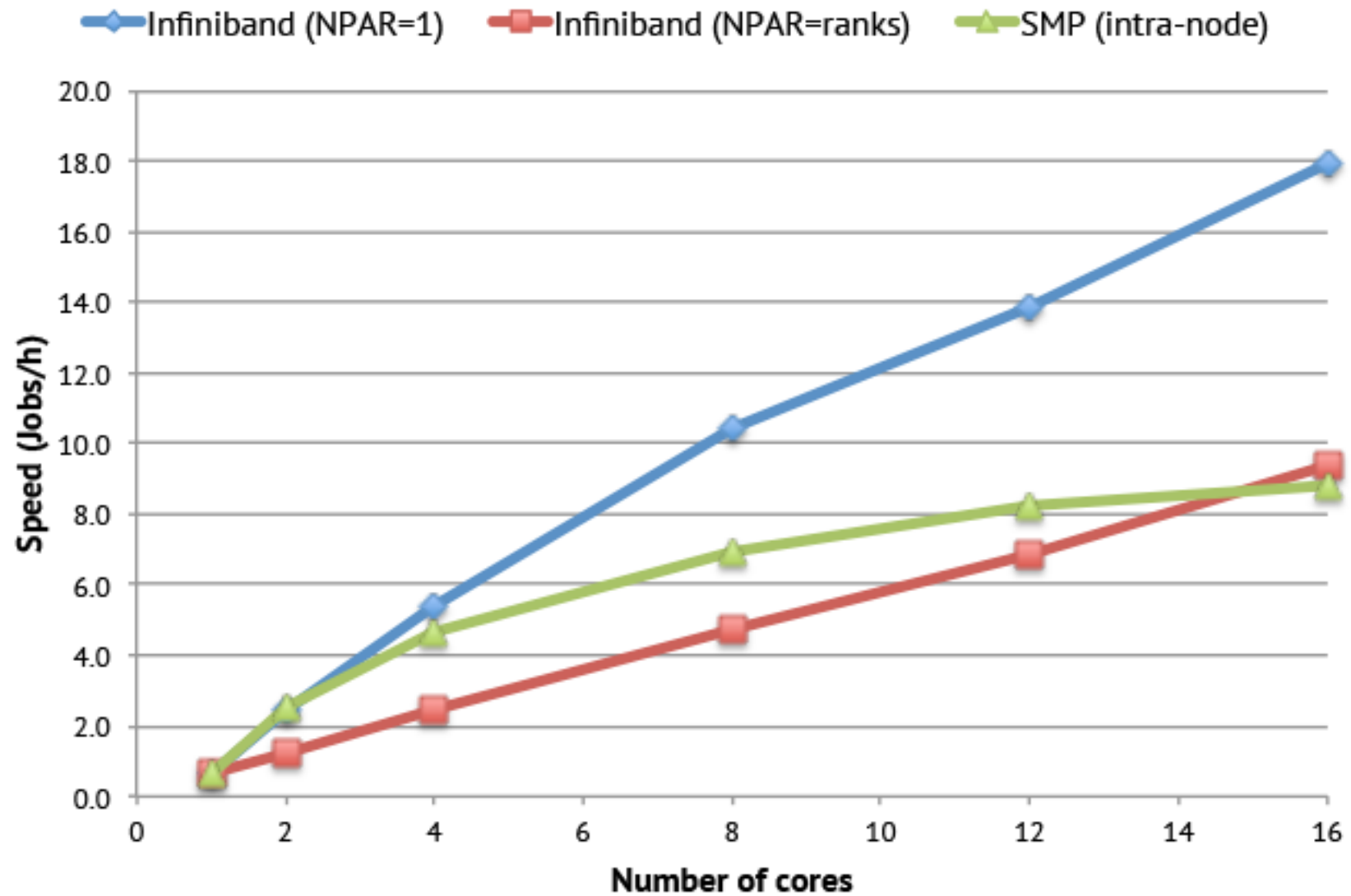
Simulations challenge HPC rules :

As fast as possible...

Full-DFT

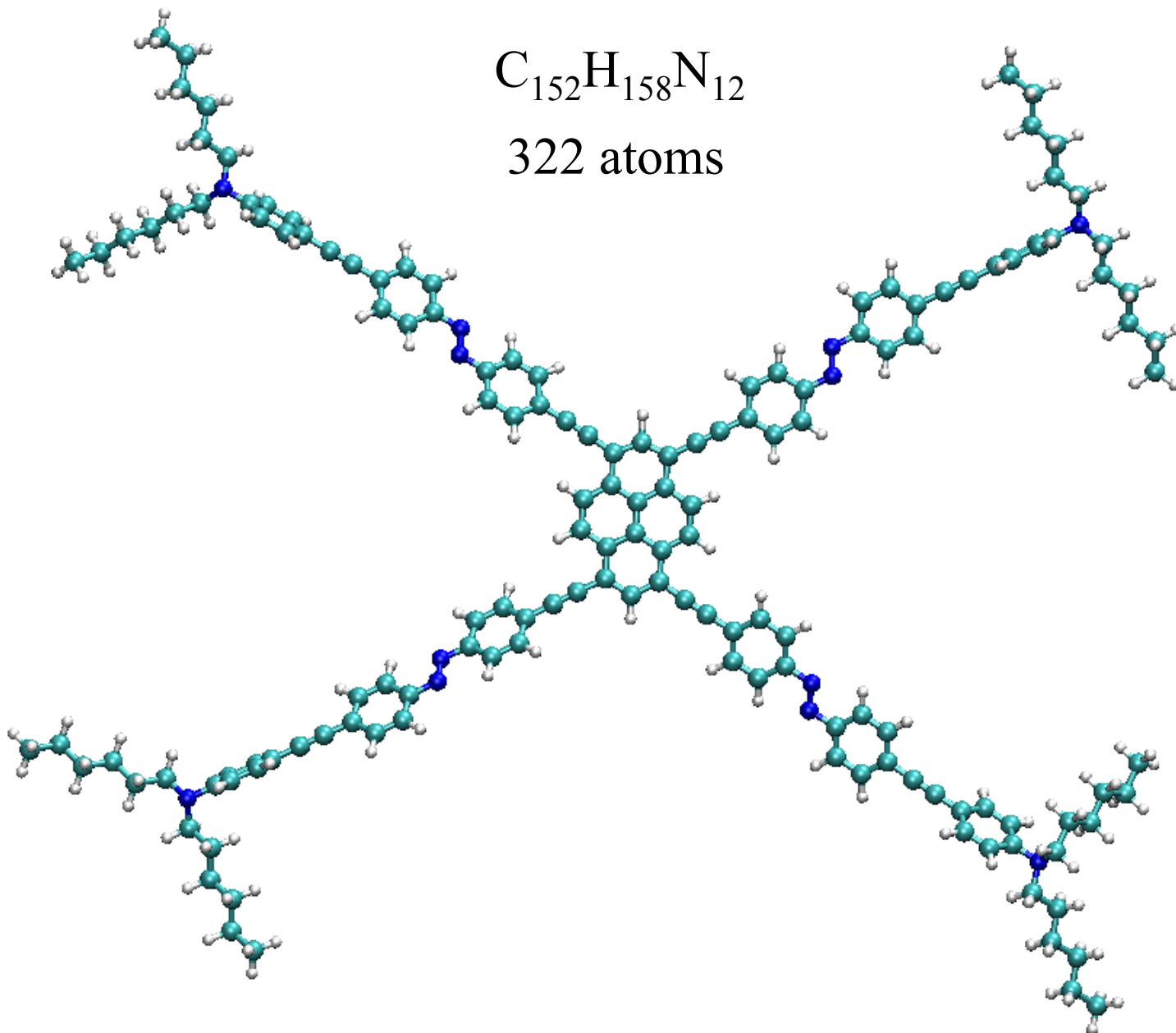
Using vdw-D2

Good precision (Normal)



$C_{152}H_{158}N_{12}$

322 atoms



NWRITE = 2
IALGO = 38

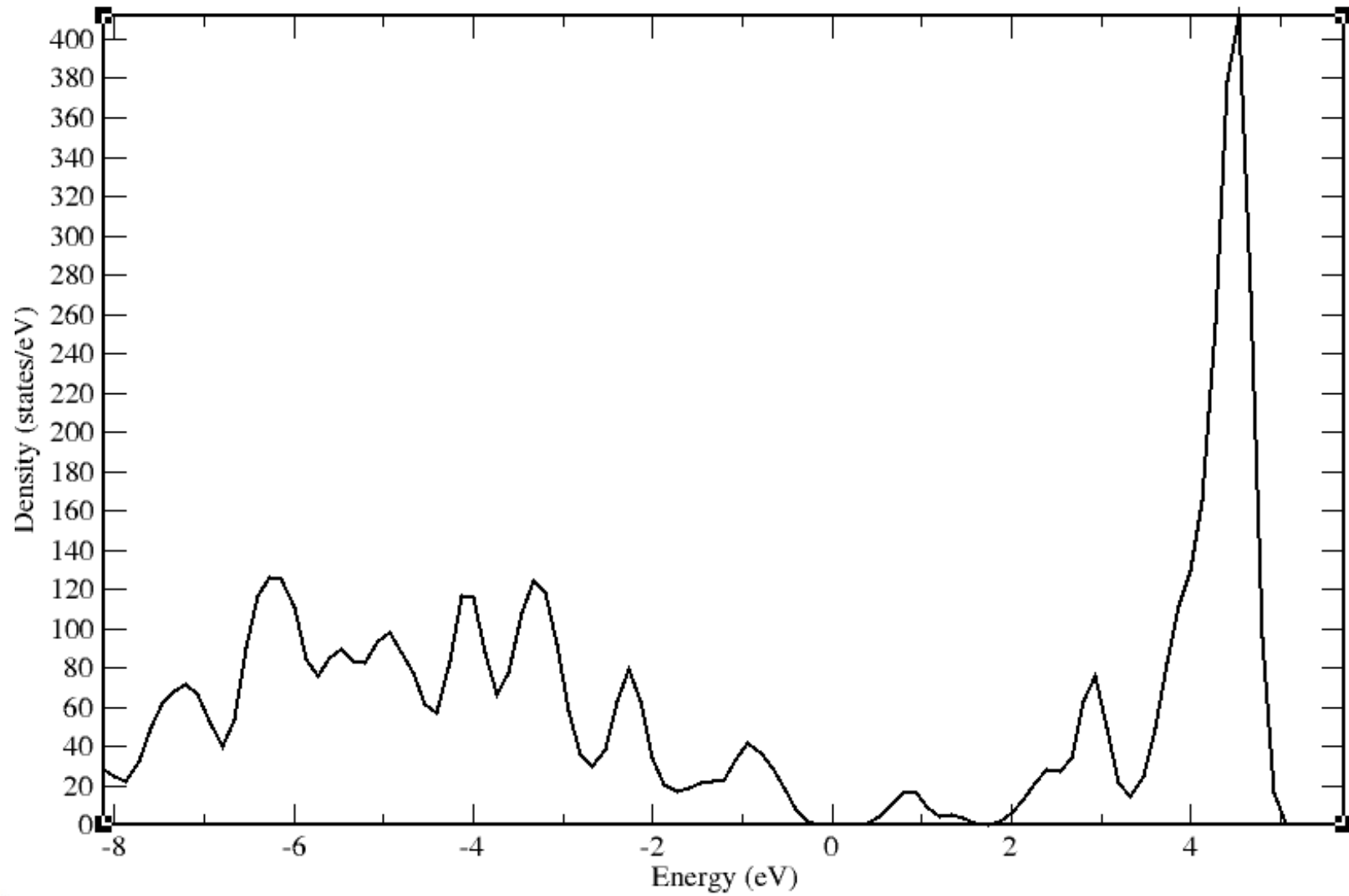
LREAL = A
LWAVE=.TRUE.
AMIN=0.01
ISMEAR=0
ENCUT=400 eV

#ionic relaxation
IBRION=2
NSW=90
POTIM=0.1
EDIFFG=-1e-02
TEBEG = 77 temperature
LORBIT=1
RWIGS= 0.866500 0.866500 0.266500
LVDW= .TRUE.
NPAR=1

32 nodes
4 Go/node

70x70x50 Ang

PDOS



First test simulation on Au surface

Test #0 806 atoms

64 nodes --→ 6 Go/node

60x60x30 Ang

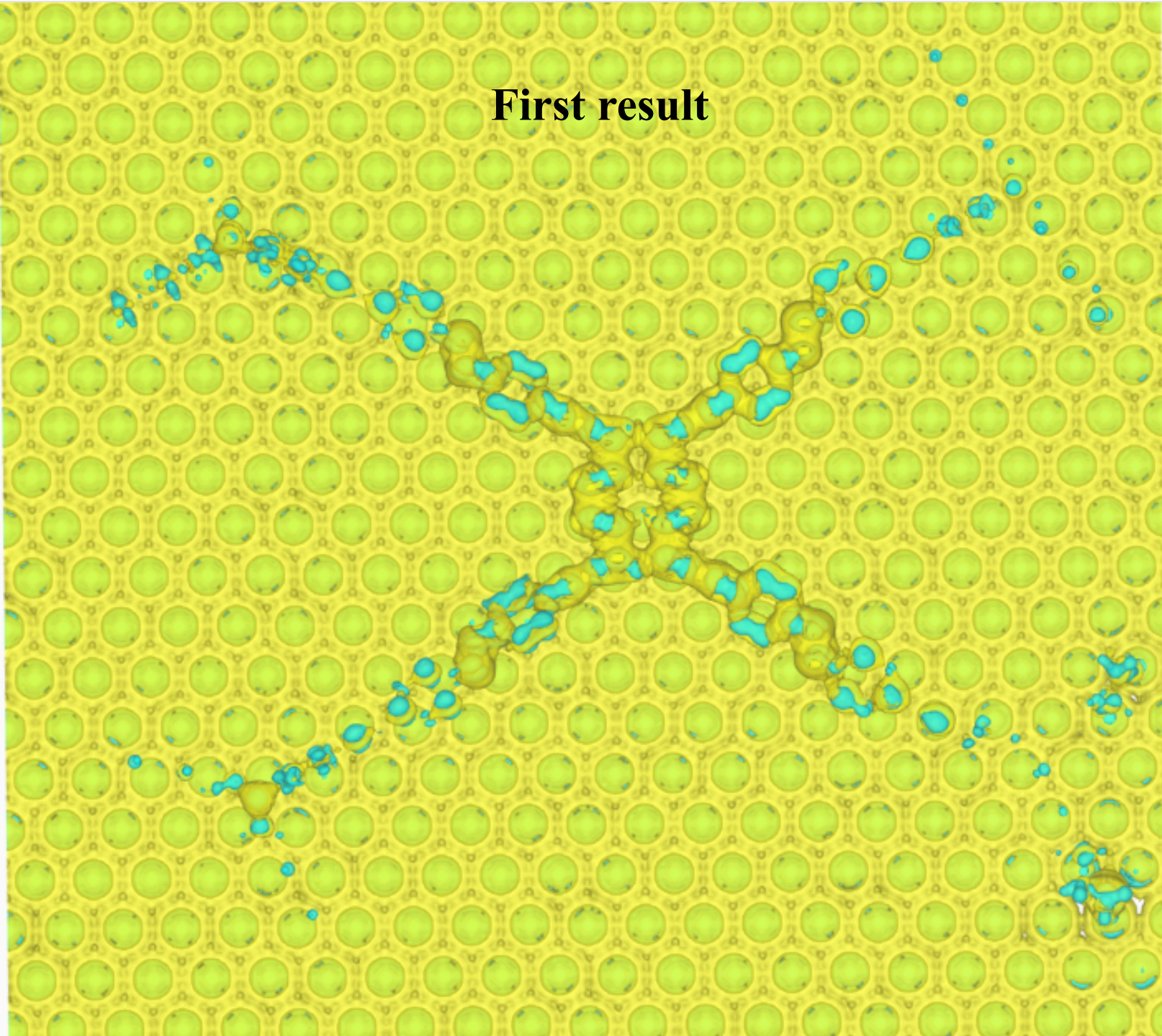
NWRITE = 2
IALGO = 38

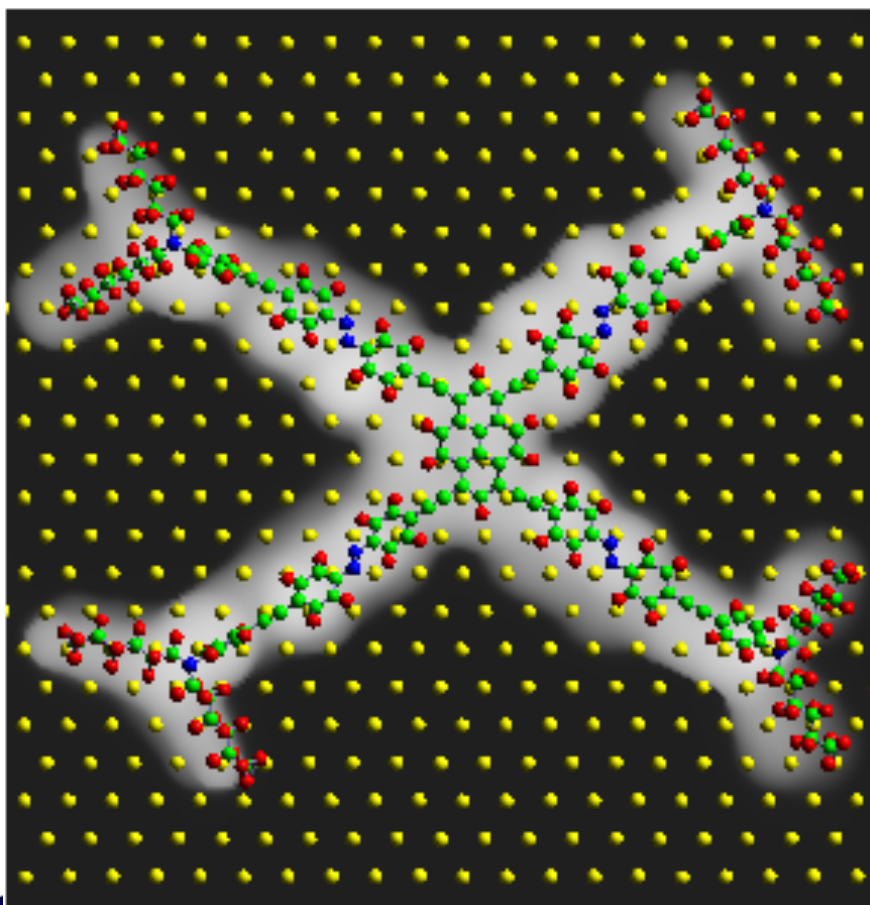
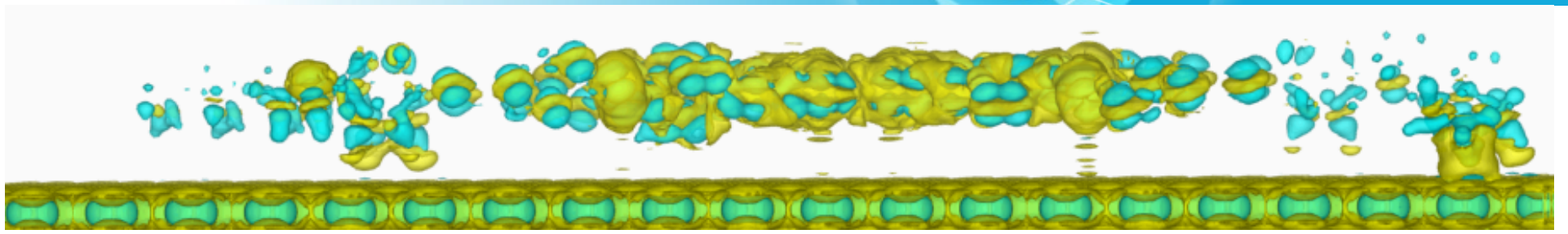
#ionic relaxation
IBRION=2
NSW=2

Temps Elapsed time (sec): 165351.328 s (46 h)

i.e. : 2939 h monoprocessor !

First result



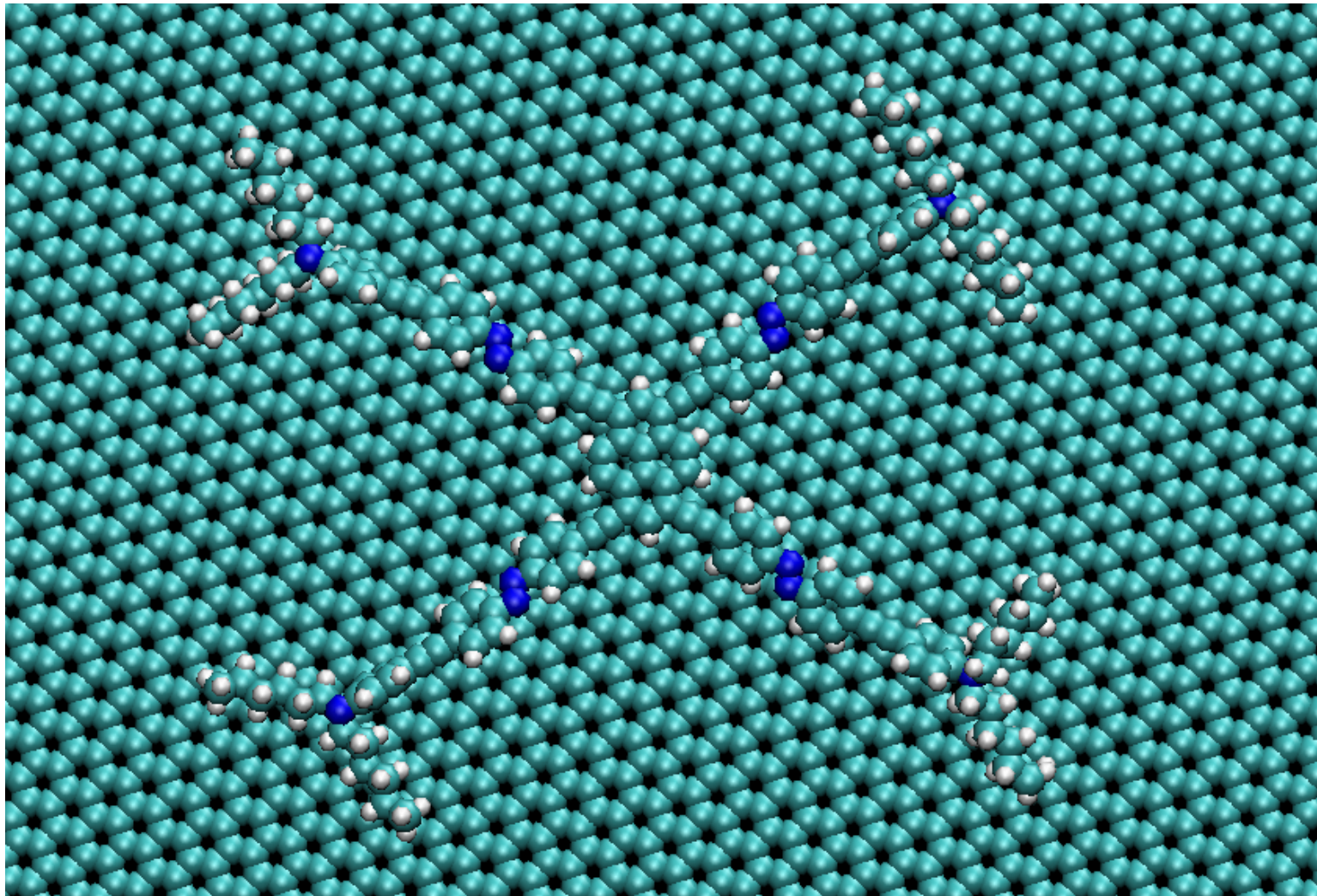


Simulations challenge HPC rules :

Verified

Application::

Great system PAW with 2122 and 3922 atoms



64 nodes --> 10 Go/node

74x74x50 Ang

Test

Time : 356070.114 for 2 ionic relaxation steps== 6330 h mono

Test

Time : 535. ks (148 h) for 5 ionic relaxation steps == 9514 h mono

120 nodes --> 5 Go/node

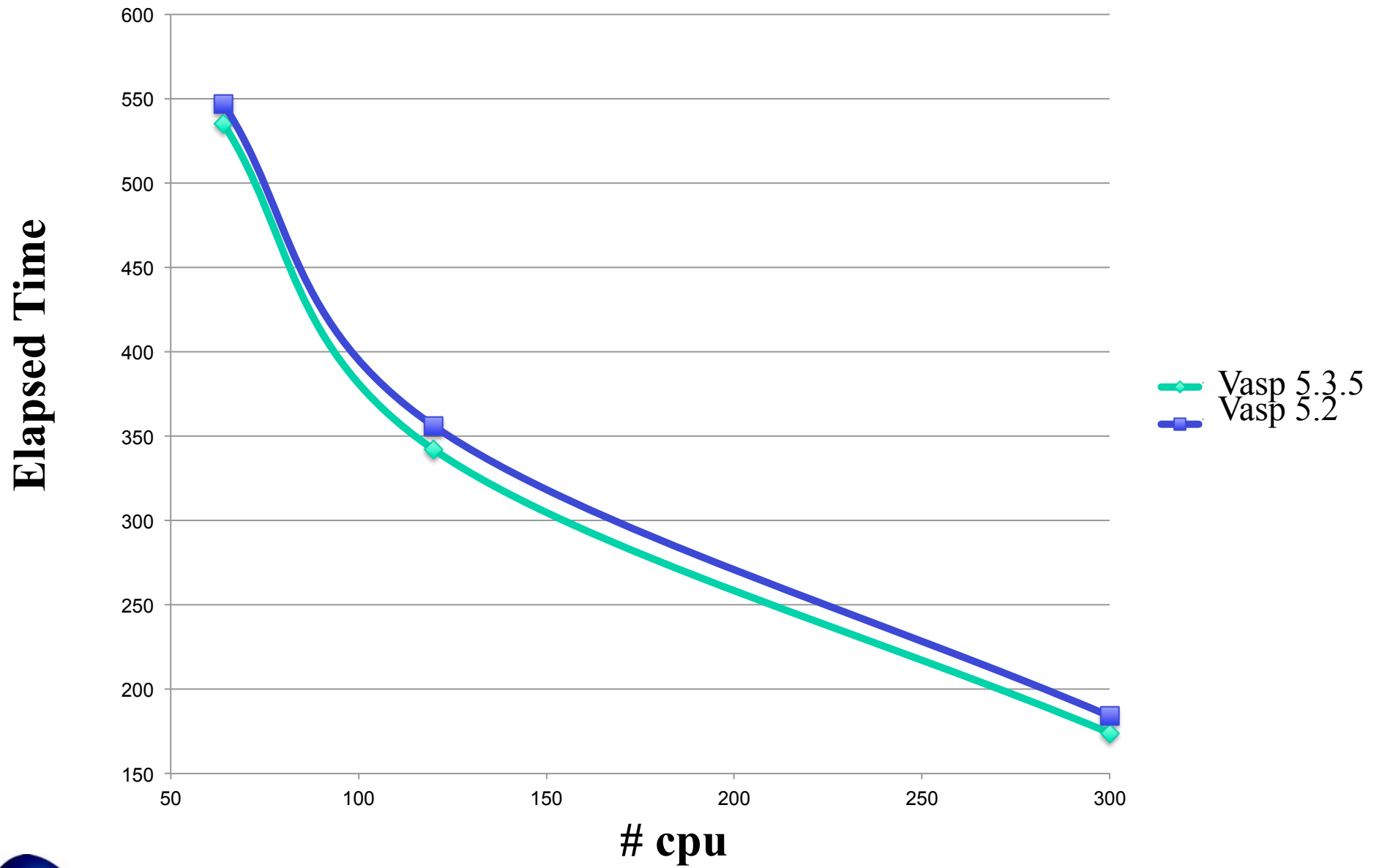
Time : 342 ks (95 h) for 5 ionic relaxation steps== 11421 h mono

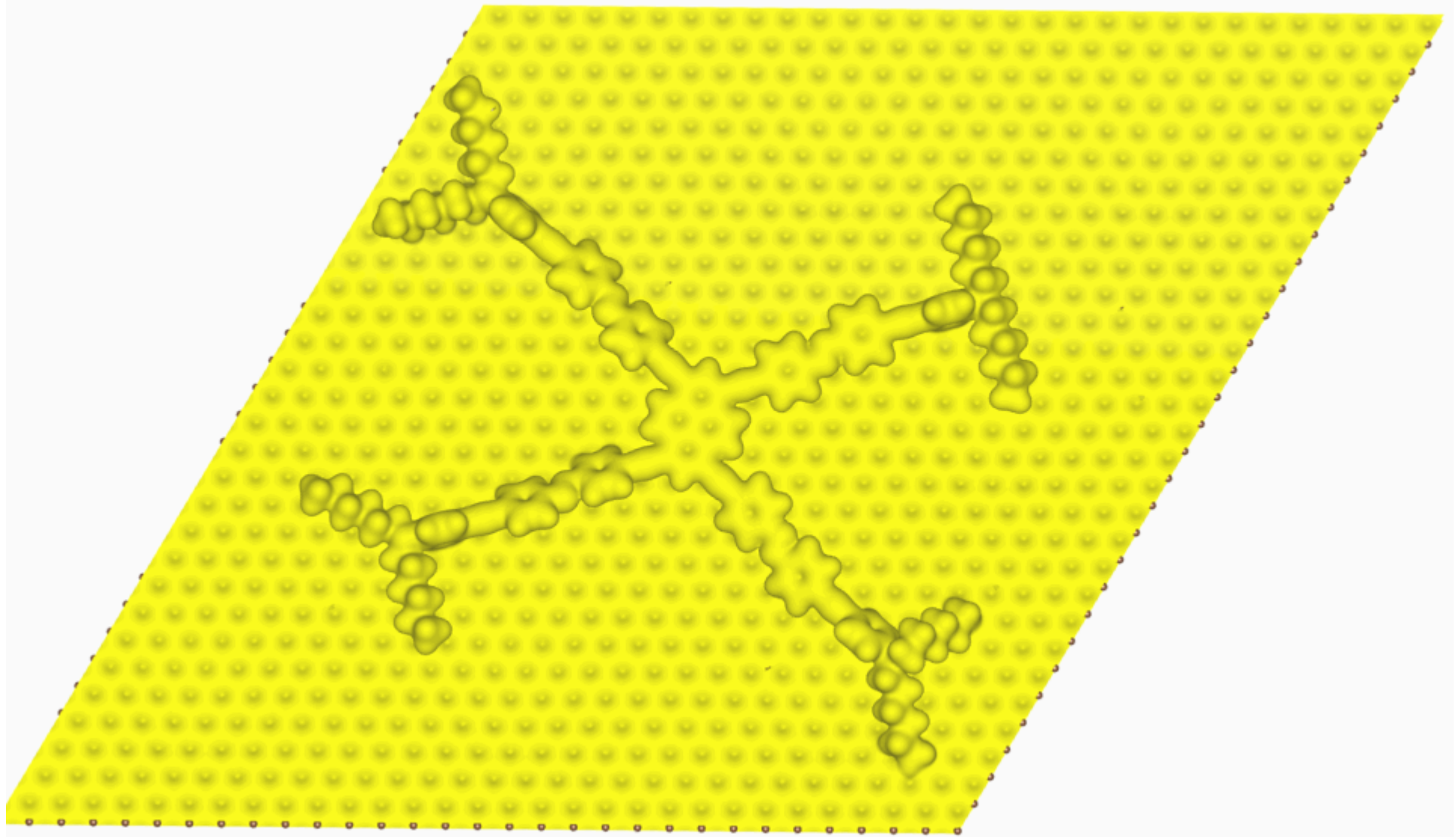
300 nodes --> 2 Go/node

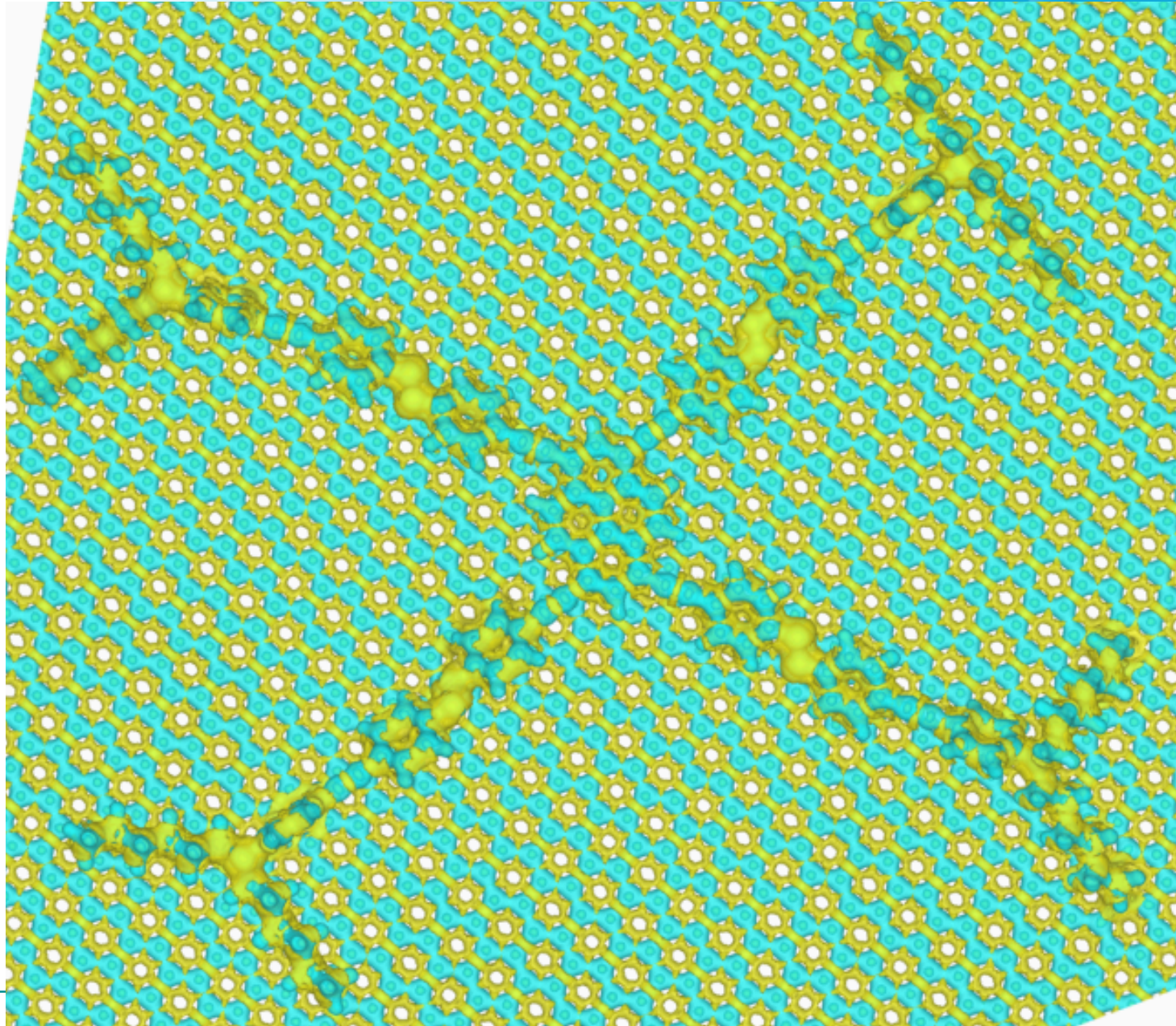
Time : 174 ks (48h) for 5 ionic relaxation steps== 14542 h mono

NWRITE = 2
IALGO = 38

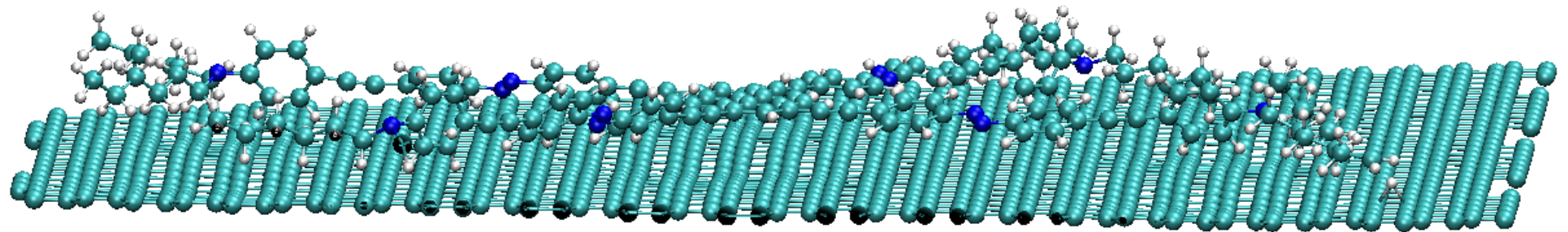
#ionic relaxation
IBRION=2



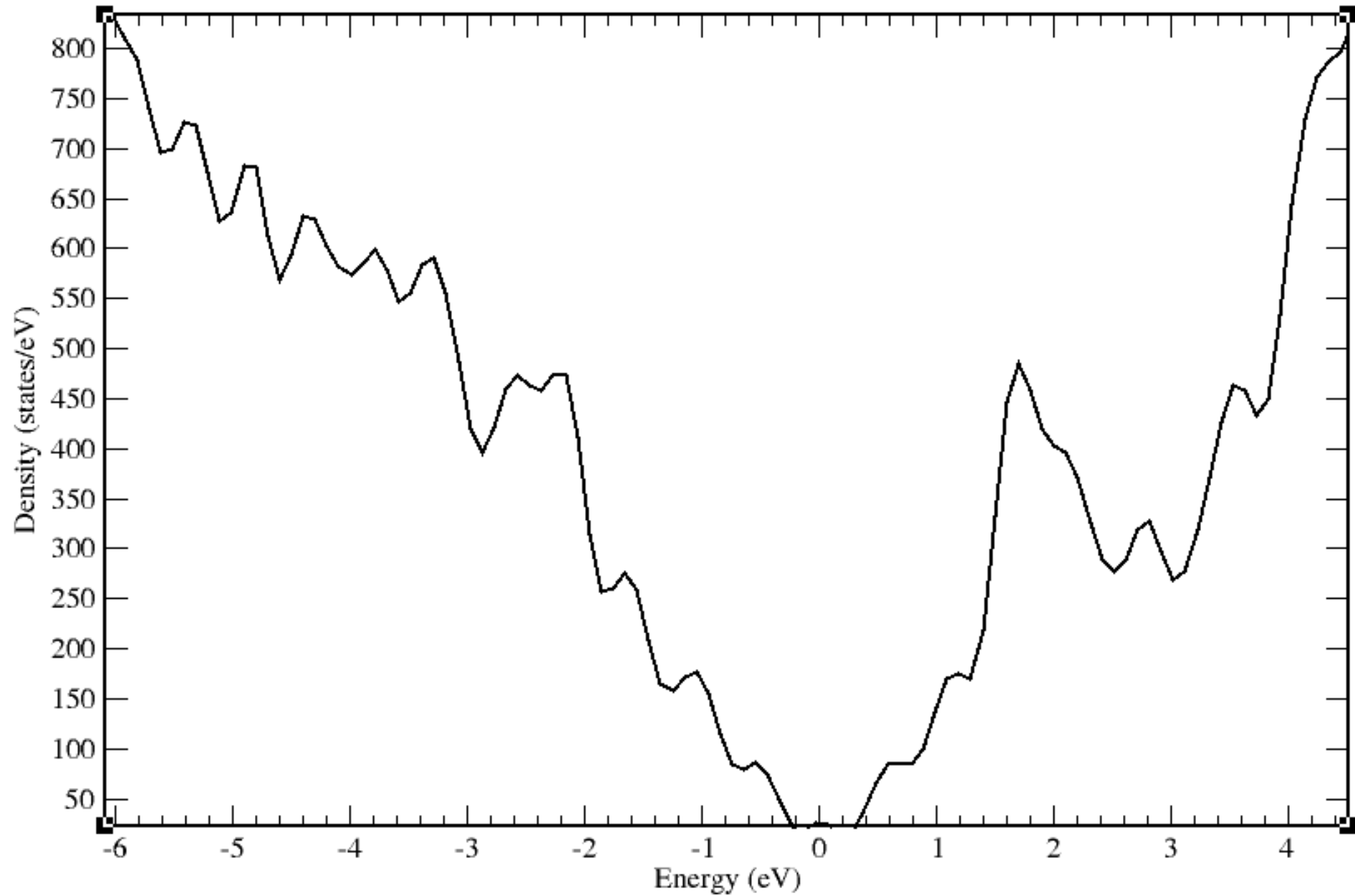


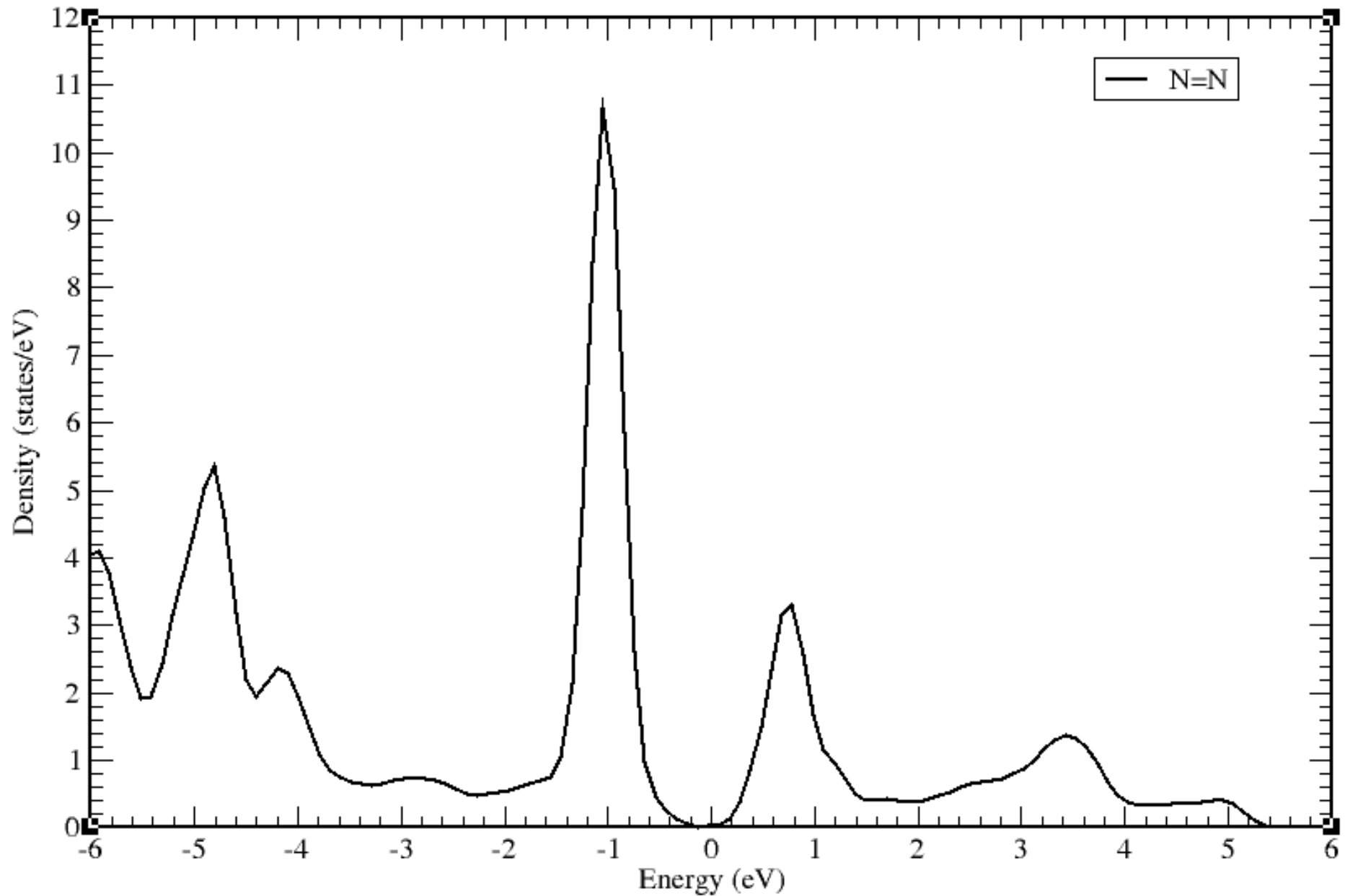


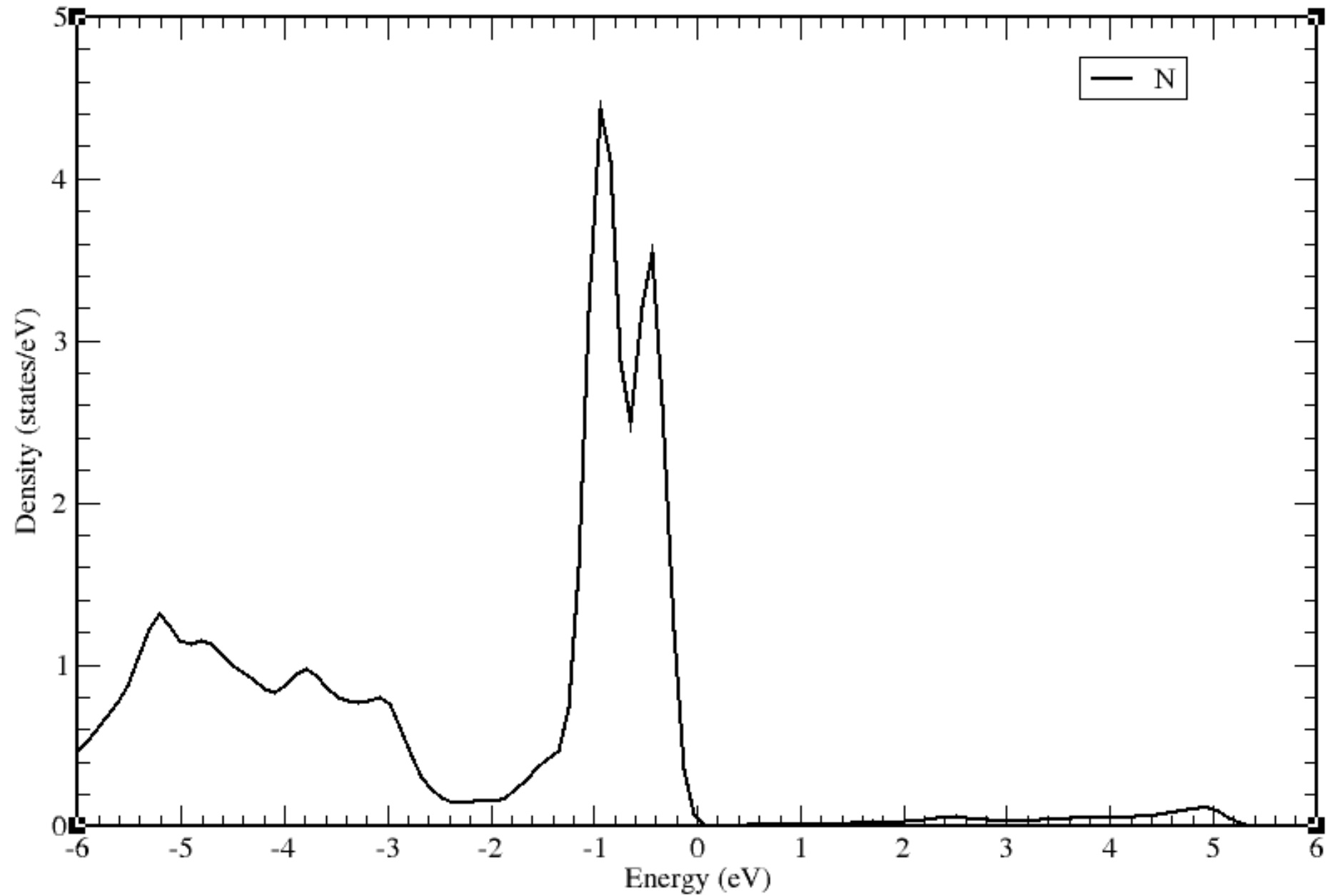
Nanospider arms in interaction with the HOPG substrate

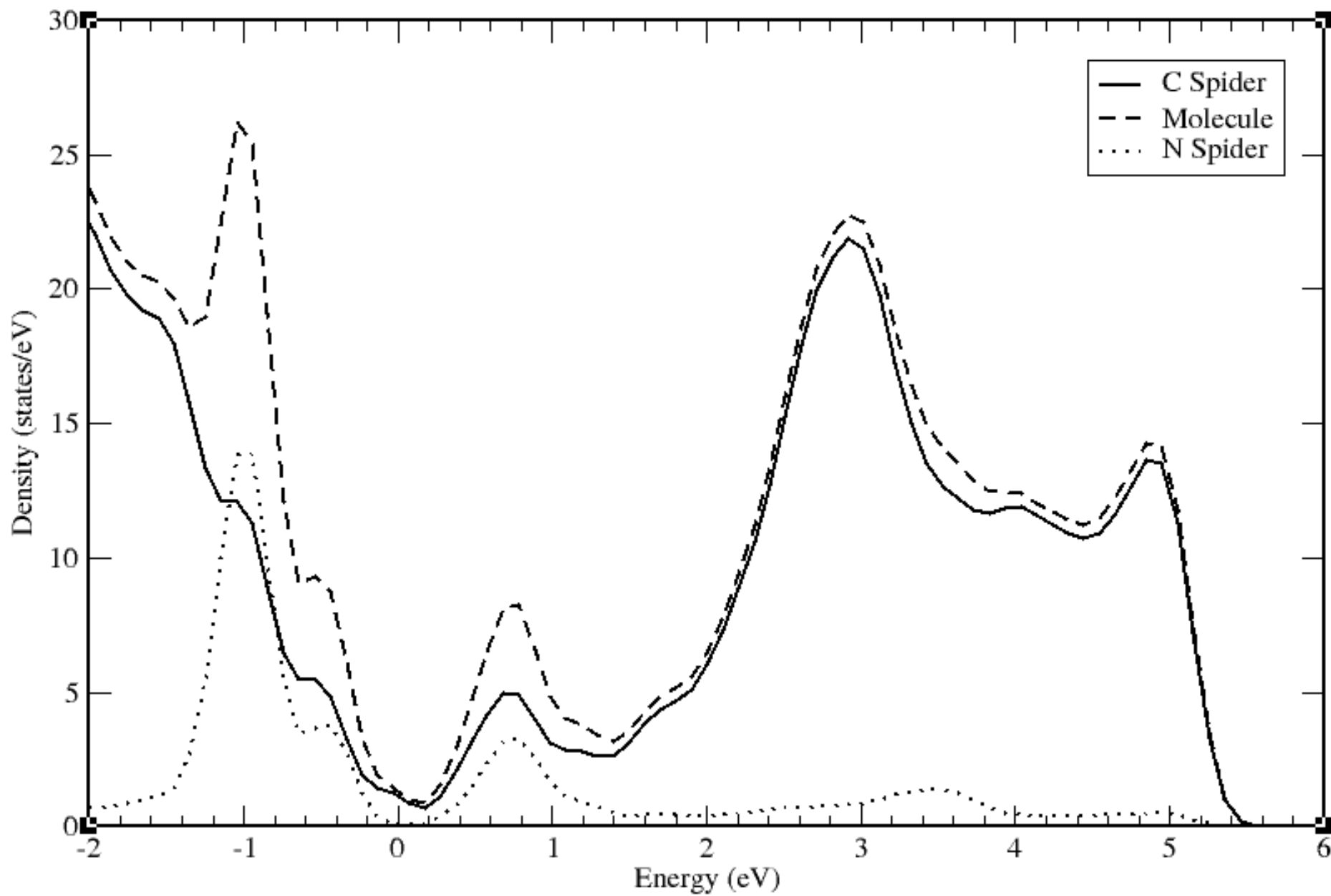


Energy and bias voltage interesting?









POST- treatment with Bskan

$V = -1V$

Resolution

120x120

$I = 0.1 \text{ nA}$

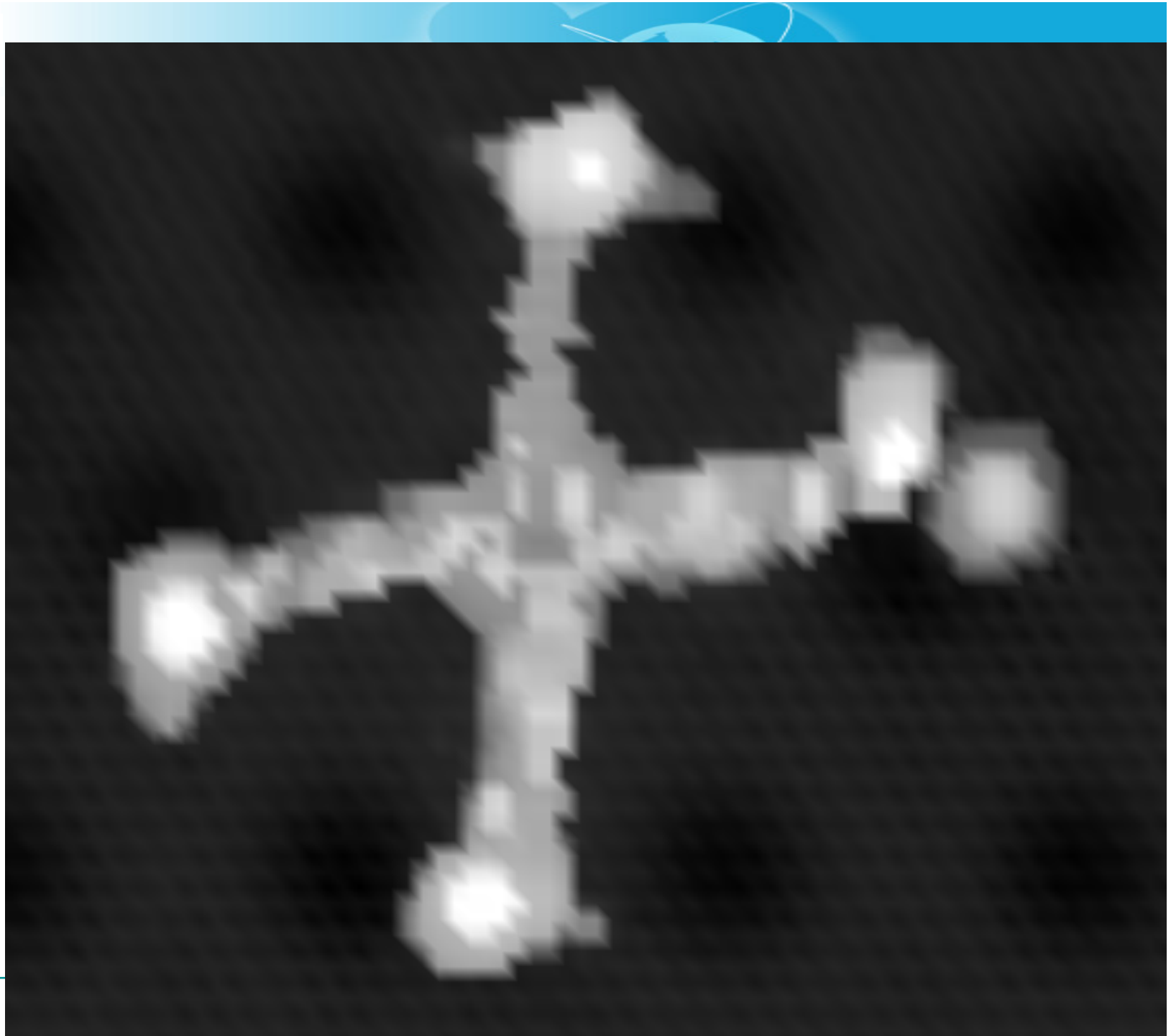


$V = -1V$

Resolution

120x120

$I = 0.05 \text{ nA}$



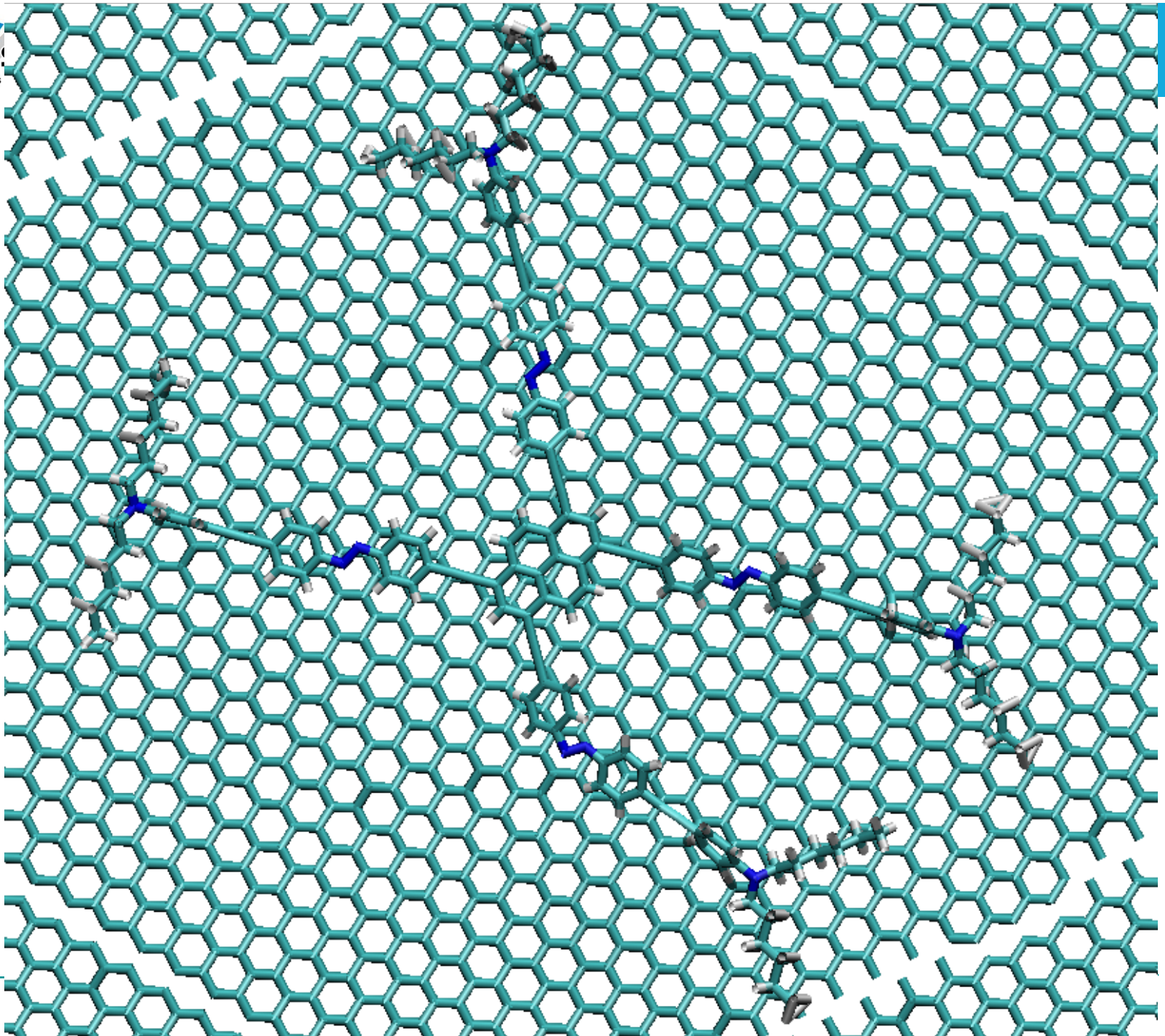
V=-1V
Resolution

120x120

I=0.07 nA



Displacement of one arm

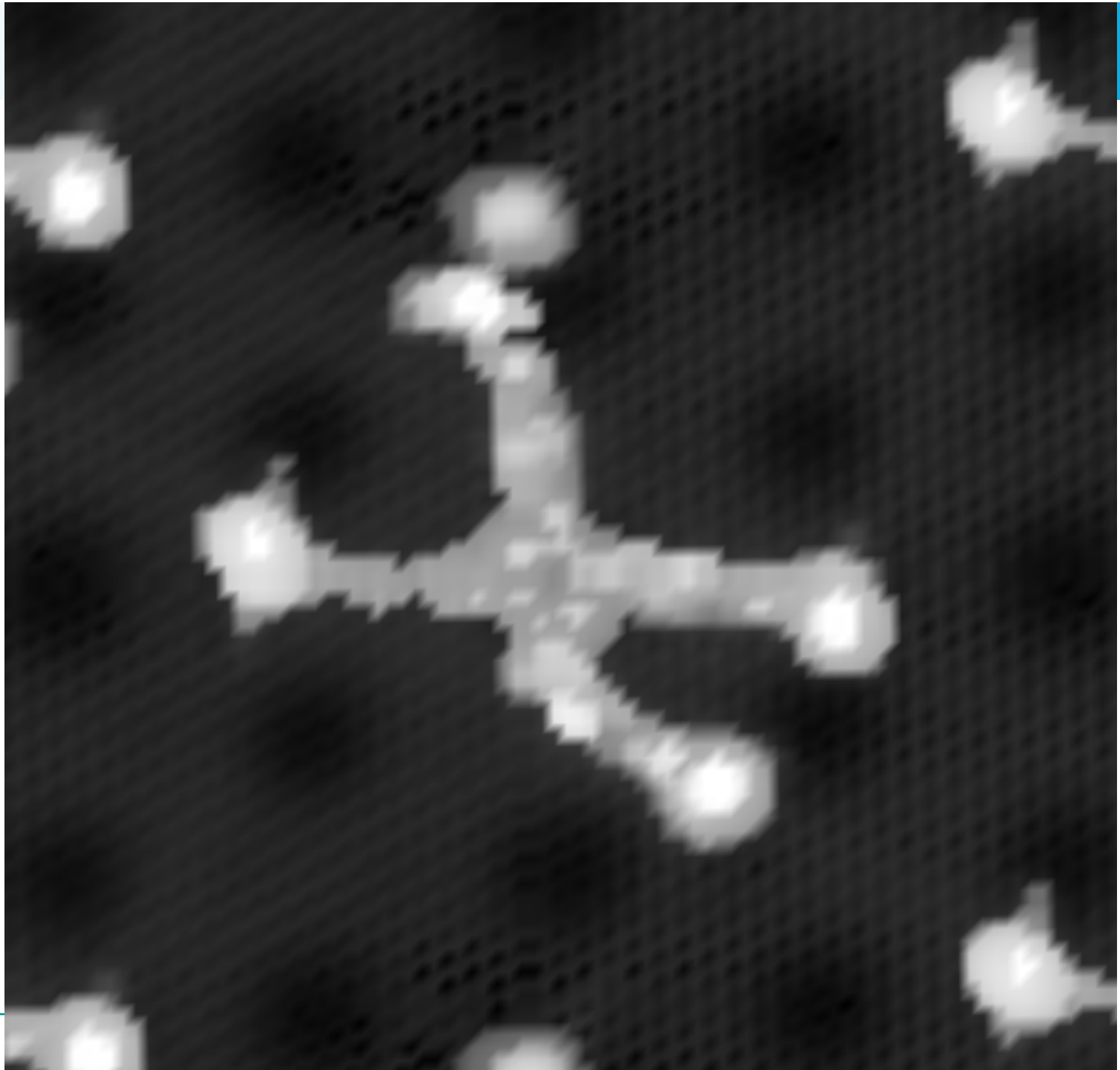


$V = -1 \text{ V}$

Resolution

120x120

$I = 0.05 \text{ nA}$

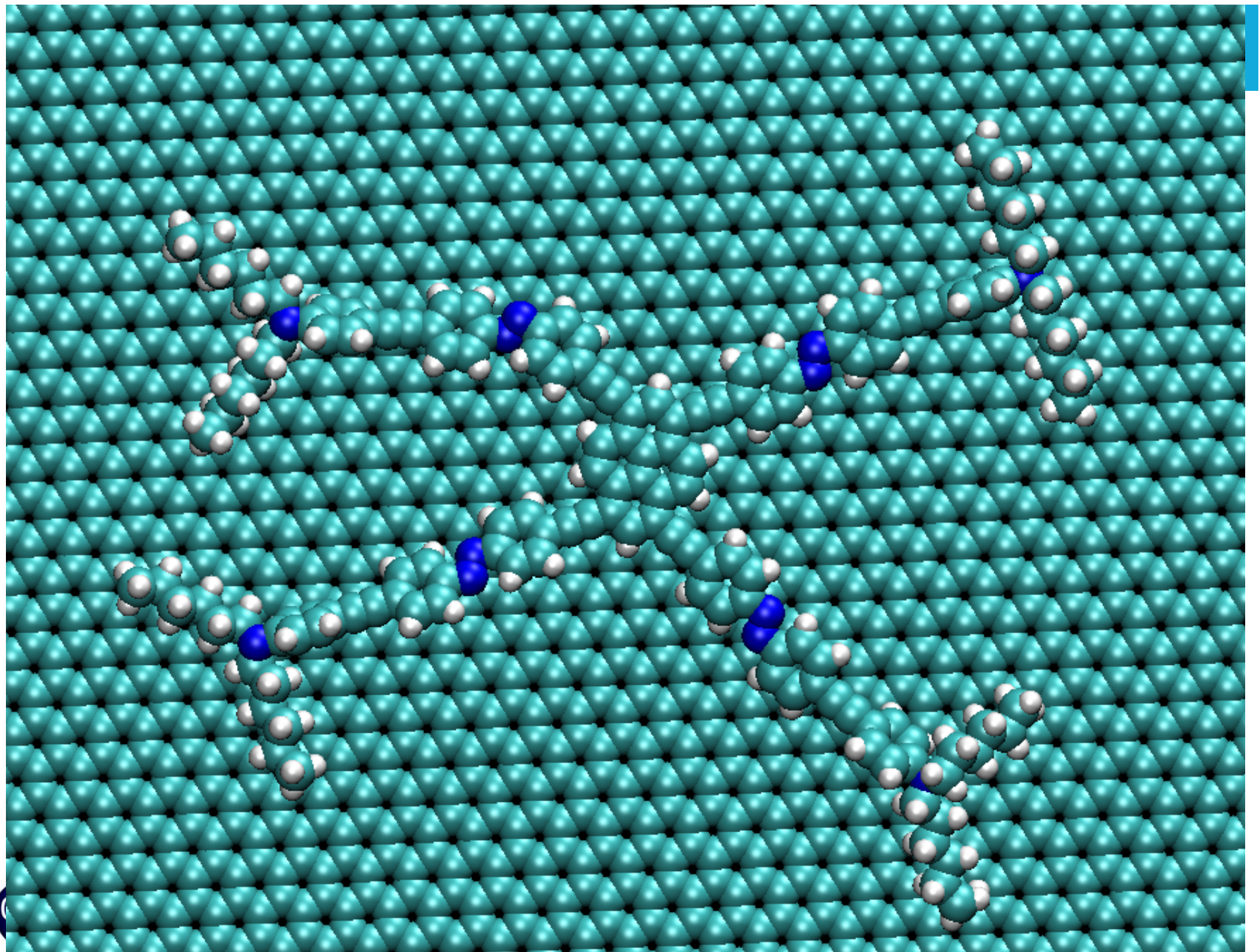


Conclusion

Possibility to simulate great system in PAW

At minima 300 c.p.u in standard !





Thank you for your attention